WEATHER.

Fair Friday; Saturday probably rain.

THE MORNING STAR

WILMINGTON

FOUNDED A.D. 1867

10 PAGES TODAY ONE SECTION

VOL. XCIX—NO. 169. WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY MORNING, MARCH 16, 1917 WHOLE NUMBER 30,388

STRIKE ON EASTERN ROADS ORDERED SATURDAY, 6 P. M.

Managers' Conference Committee Rejects Demands of Brotherhoods

EMPEROR NICHOLAS OF RUSSIA GIVES UP HIS THRONE

WALK-OUT WILL EXTEND TO ALL RAILROADS IN 5 DAYS

Country Divided Into Sections, and Each Will be Affected a Section at a Time Under "Progressive" Plan Until All Freight Men Have Left Their Posts—If Roads Refuse to Give In, Passenger Employees Will Strike Wednesday.

MANAGERS HOPE TO KEEP UP 'SKELETON' SERVICE

Chiefs of Workmen's Organizations Flatly Refused to Submit Case to Eight-Hour Commission—No Indication is Given That an Appeal by President Wilson Can Prevent Brotherhood Leaders From Putting Strike Order in Effect.

New York, March 15. — A "progressive strike" of the 400,000 members of the four great railroad brotherhoods, to begin at 6 o'clock (Central time) Saturday on Eastern roads, was ordered here late today. The walkout will extend to all the railroads in the country within five days. Chiefs of the workmen's organizations set the strike machinery in motion within a few minutes after an ultimatum delivered to the conference committee of railroad managers had been rejected. A compromise proposal offered by the managers was declined without debate.

Brotherhood Leaders Determined.

Only successful intervention by President Wilson, it appeared tonight, can avert a strike. The brotherhood leaders gave no indication that even an appeal from the nation's chief executive can change their purpose to obtain a basic eight-hour day and pro rata time for overtime through the use of the "protective feature" of their organizations. They refuse flatly to submit their case to the Eight Hour Commission, headed by Major General Geo. W. Goethals, or to await the decision of the Supreme Court on the constitutionality of the Adamson law.

Freight employes, yardmen and engine hostlers on the New York Central, east and west, the Nickle Plate and Baltimore & Ohio railroads and in the great yards in Chicago and St. Louis, will be the first to leave their posts. They will be followed on Sunday by the same classes of workmen on the Southern Railway, the Norfolk & Western, the Virginian, Chesapeake & Ohio, and on a group of Northwestern roads.

No formal outline of the brotherhoods' program beyond the plans for these two days, was made either to the managers or to the public. It was said, however, that the freight employes on the other roads in the country would be called out in groups at 12 or 24-hour intervals after Sunday.

If the paralysis of freight traffic thus caused does not result in surrender by the railroads before that time the employes on all passenger trains will be ordered out Wednesday.

Hope to Operate Some Trains.

The railroad managers said tonight that they expected enough of their men would remain loyal to enable them to operate a skeleton service on most roads and they estimated between 30,000 and 40,000 men are employed on the roads on which the strike is to begin Saturday night.

The members of the managers' committee will remain here until tomorrow. If the men ask another conference, it will be granted. They said they would make every effort to operate their roads in spite of the strike. Preference will be given to the movement of trains carrying food and fuel.

When the managers, in their counter proposition at the final conference, offered to abide by any decree of the Goethals commission if the Adamson act were declared unconstitutional, W. G. Lee, president of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, spokesmen for the employes, declared:

"That would be only another form of arbitration and our men are sick and tired of arbitration."

The brotherhood chiefs contend their demand for the basic eight-hour day for all classes of work, with pro rata time for overtime, would give them only what they would gain under the provisions of the Adamson law. They have abandoned their original demand for time and a half for overtime.

Membership Impatient.

Declaring that the rank and file of the brotherhood membership had become impatient and would tolerate no further delay in enforcing their demands, Mr. Lee said the Supreme Court might adjourn without handing down a decision on the Adamson act. In that event, he declared, there would be no decision until next winter, and the men would not wait.

The managers' refusal to comply with the ultimatum of the brotherhoods was

(Continued on Page Two)

AWARDS MADE BY NAVY FOR GREAT BUILDING PROGRAM

Private Bidders Given Orders for Four Battle Cruisers and Six Scout Cruisers.

GET 10 PER CENT. PROFIT

Contracts Let Yesterday Probably Largest Ever Made by Any Nation for Warships.

Washington, March 15—Contracts for what is believed to be the largest single order for fighting craft ever given by any nation were placed today by the Navy Department. Private builders undertook to turn out four great battle cruisers and six scout cruisers, and pledged themselves to keep 70 per cent. of their working forces on navy construction.

In response to an appeal to their patriotism by Secretary Daniels, the major ship builders have agreed to accept 10 per cent. net profit on the battle cruisers, whose cost will represent about $76,000,000 of the total sum involved in today's contracts. A fifth battle cruiser will be built at the Philadelphia navy yard so as not to strain the limit of facilities of private establishments.

Government Given Preference

The builders are besieged with offers of merchant work, and are getting as high as 50 per cent. profit on these jobs with more work in sight than they can do. They have placed their facilities at the disposal of the government, making it unnecessary for the President to consider employing authority to commandeer plants.

Both classes of cruisers ordered today are new types in naval architecture, and are designed for a speed of 35 knots an hour.

The scouts were awarded on bids submitted yesterday, prices ranging from $5,950,000 to $5,996,000 and stipulated time of delivery from 30 to 32 months. Under the emergency clause of the naval appropriation bill construction will be hastened to the limit, government footing the bill for additional cost.

Bidders to Whom Awarded

The battle cruisers, the fixed limit of cost of which is $19,000,000 per ship, exclusive of speeding up expense, were placed as follows:

Newport News Shipbuilding and Dry Dock Company, two ships; Fore River Shipbuilding Corporation, one ship; New York Shipbuilding Company, one ship.

With the exception of the New York company each private builder will have to install new ways and machinery for the huge craft. The government will bear its fair share of this expense.

Four of the scout cruisers will be built on the Pacific coast and the other two will be built by William Cramp and Sons, Philadelphia. Cramp and the Union Iron Works may be called upon also to build a number of destroyers.

Open Other Bids in April

Of the authorized building program there remains to be contracted for three dreadnaughts, 38 submarines, 15 destroyers and several auxiliary vessels. Bids will be opened early in April on these craft and at the same time orders will be placed for more than 100 coast patrol boats.

The ultimate cost to the government of the ships ordered today will exceed by many millions the figures given for hull and machinery. It will cost $465,692 per ship to arm and equip the scouts and $5,337,810 additional for each battle cruiser.

The shipbuilders having made financial sacrifices to meet the government's needs Secretary Daniels is seeking similar agreements with the contractors who supply material to go in the ships.

The plans for the three 42,000-ton dreadnaughts are not completed. At least two may have to go to government yards. In addition a considerable number of destroyers and submarines must be laid down at the yards, as the private plants are overtaxed with the work given them.

Statement by Daniels.

In a statement tonight Secretary Daniels said:

"The representatives of the Navy Department are to have the right to require the contractors to employ at all times the maximum number of men that can be utilized to push the work and if a sufficient force of mechanics can be obtained, it is hoped that the battle cruisers may be finished in about three years.

"Under the agreement made, they will

(Continued on Page Six).

REVOLUTION FORCES HIM TO ABDICATE THE THRONE.



CZAR NICHOLAS OF RUSSIA

RUSSIAN REVOLUTION TOOK DEFINITE SHAPE ON SUNDAY

Workingmen Started it by Quitting Work as Protest Against Shortage of Bread—Regiment After Regiment Joined Revolters as Also Did the Duma—City of Petrograd One Vast Battlefield.

Petrograd, March 15.—Events leading up to the resolution began a week ago with street demonstrations of working men who quit work as a protest against the shortage of bread. The first two days mounted patrols kept the crowds moving without resorting to violence. When ordered to fire on the people they refused. Police were substituted and a battle occurred between them and the troops. Regiment after regiment joined the revolters and seized arsenals and other strategic points.

The duma joined hands with the revolution, on being dissolved by the emperor, and declared that the existing government had been overthrown. The duma resumed its sittings. It had sent the notification to the emperor of these developments, warning him that the fate of the dynasty depended on his acceptance of the new order of affairs.

Jails Thrown Open

The city is now quiet. Perfect order prevails. So far as is known, no foreigners were injured. All the ministers resigned, with the exception of M. Protopopoff. Former Premier Sturmer, Premier Golitzine and the head of the secret police were arrested. The jails were thrown open. The headquarters of the secret police and several government buildings were burned.

Until Sunday night there was no intimation that the affair would grow to the proportions of a revolution. From then until Tuesday morning, almost continuous fighting in the streets and throughout the city occurred, leaving the revolutionists in full control. The latter are proceeding to reorganize the government.

Business Again Resumed.

Today the city emerged from a week's nightmare of revolution and figuratively smiled under a brilliant flood of sunshine after the series of gray days ending with a snowstorm yesterday evening. Planks were pulled down from windows long closed. Stores, banks, and business establishments reopened their doors as confidence in the new temporary governemnt gained in force. Truck sledges and little sleighs for hire, began to appear again in the streets that for six days had been absolutely void of any means of private transportation.

Newspapers, with the exception of revolutionary publications which sprang into life with the success of the revolt, had failed to appear. Street car service, it was believed, would be partly resumed tonight.

The only visible signs of the desperate clash of authority that turned the city into a battle ground were the charred ruins of the jail, which are still pouring a cloud of smoke skyward and the remains of other police institutions and the homes of the few individuals who were regarded as offenders against the rights of the people. In front of other government institutions are piles of charred embers showing where wreckage and documents have been dumped.

Final Clash Wednesday Night

The defenders of the old regime—doubtless a few remain uncaptured by the police—put up a last feeble defence last night from the office of the wrecked Astoria Military Hotel and St. Isaac's cathedral, facing on two sides of the same square. They were soon silenced by sharpshooters.

With the reopening of bread, sugar, tea and meat shops, lines of women with shopping bags and baskets, often extending to the length of a block, were formed to resplenish stores exhausted by the long siege. The most phenomenal feature of the revolution has been the swift and orderly transition whereby the control of the city passed from the regime of the old government into the hands of its opponents. Until Sunday disorders in the streets, which never went beyond quiet gatherings or mild demonstrations, could not properly be termed a revolution at all.

Rebels Control the City.

After thirty-six hours of continuous street fighting, the whole area of Petrograd was on Tuesday in the hands of the revolutionists. Regiments called out to disperse street crowds that were clamoring for bread refused to fire upon the people, but mutinied, killing their officers in many cases, and joined the swelling ranks of the insurgents. With the exception of a Finnish regiment, which took possession of the admiralty building on the Neva and kept up a desultory rifle and machine gun fire, the last regiments to remain loyal to the government had capitulated after a sustained battle on the Morskaya and made no further resistance to the revolutionists who controlled the entire city.

The police had disappeared from the

(Continued on Page Six).

OLD REGIME IN RUSSIA IS OVERTHROWN BY REBELLION

Emperor Abdicates and Grand Duke Alexandrovitch is Appointed Regent—Entire Ministry Swept Out of Office and a New Cabinet, Headed by Prince Lvoff, is Named—Empress Reported to Have Fled or to be in Hiding.

CITY OF PETROGRAD THE SCENE OF A GREAT BATTLE

Government Troops Join the "Cause of the People" and the Movement is Backed Unanimously by Members of the Duma—Minister Protopopoff is Reported to Have Been Killed, While All the Other Ministers Are Under Arrest.

Petrograd, March 15. — The Emperor of Russia has abdicated, and Grand Duke Michael Alexandrovitch, his younger brother, has been named as regent. The Russian ministry, charged with corruption and incompetence, has been swept out of office. One minister, Alexander Protopopoff, head of the interior department, is reported to have been killed, and the other ministers, as well as the president of the imperial council, are under arrest.

A new national cabinet is announced, with Prince Lvoff as president of the council and premier, and the other offices held by the men who are close to the Russian people.

Troops Join Revolutionists.

For several days Petrograd has been the scene of one of the most remarkable uprisings in history. Beginning with minor food riots and labor strikes, the cry for food reached the hearts of the soldiers, and one by one the regiments rebelled, until finally those troops that had for a time stood loyal to the government, took up their arms and marched into the ranks of the revolutionists.

The president of the Duma, Michael V. Rodzianko, was the leading figure among the deputies who unanimously decided to oppose the imperial order for a dissolution of the house. They continued their sessions and M. Rodzianko informed the emperor, then at the front, that the hour had struck when the will of the people must prevail. Even the imperial council realized the gravity of the situation and added its appeal to that of the Duma that the emperor should take steps to give the people a policy and government in accordance with their desires and in order that there should be no interference with carrying on the war to a victorious ending.

Empress May Have Fled.

The emperor hastened back from the front, only to find that the revolution had been successful and that a new government was in control. The empress, who it is alleged, has been influential in the councils opposed to the wishes of the people, is reported to have fled or to be in hiding.

Although considerable fighting took place, it is not believed that the casualties are large.

The early period of the uprising bore the character rather of a mock revolution. Cossacks charging down the street did so in a half-hearted fashion, plainly without malice or intent to harm the crowds. The troops exchanged good natured raillery with the workingmen and women, and as they rode were cheered by the populace.

Long lines of soldiers stationed in dramatic attitudes across Nevsky Prospect, with their guns pointed at an imaginary foe, appeared to be taking part in a tableau. Machine guns firing roulades or blank cartridges seemed only to add another realistic touch to a tremendous theatric production.

Broke Into Flame Sunday.

Until Sunday night this pageant continued without serious interruption. Then in a flash the whole scene lost its theatric quality; it became a genuine revolution.

The regiments had received an order from the commandant to fire upon persons assembled in the street. This caused immediate dissention among the troops, who did not understand why they should be compelled to take violent measures against fellow citizens, whose chief offense was that they were hungry and were asking the government to supply bread. Several regiments deserted and a pitched battle began between the troops who stood with the government and those who, refusing to obey orders, had mutinied.

A long night battle occurred between the mutinous regiments and the police at the end of St. Catharine canal, im-

(Continued on Page Ten).

President, Amazed At Action of Brotherhoods, Declines Comment

Washington, March 15.—Word that a general railroad strike had been ordered to begin Saturday night was received by President Wilson tonight with amazement. He had confidently expected that some kind of agreement would prevent interference with transportation facilities at least while the nation is on the verge of war.

No statement was authorized by the White House, and all officials professed to be ignorant of what the President might intend to do. Apparently he feels he practically is powerless unless it becomes necessary for him to adopt measures to keep the mails moving.

After a telephone conference with Secretary Wilson of the Labor Department it was understood the President decided to make no move tonight.

IS CERTAIN THE PRESIDENT WILL MAKE SOME MOVE SOON

Washington, March 15.—President Wilson was notified immediately of the calling of the strike and he began consideration of the steps which might be taken to avert it.

Although the President had been watching the situation closely he had not abandoned hope that a compromise would be reached and so far as revealed had made no definite plans for intervening. No statement was forthcoming from the White House, but it was well understood that some move would be made as soon as officials were fully advised.

The general belief in official circles is that the President will make an appeal to the patriotism of the men, urging them not to tie up transportaion facilities with the country facing a great international crisis.

There was every indication that the President would not call the representatives of the two sides to Washington again as he did last year when the strike was threatened.

ANY STEPS THE GOVERNMENT COULD TAKE IS MOOT QUESTION

Washington, March 15.—It is a moot question what steps the government could take to prevent paralysis of transportation facilities and consequent weakening of the nation's resources in the international crisis. The general opinion among officials seems to be that the President could do little

(Continued on Page Two)

London Shows Unmixed Joy Over The Turn of Affairs in Russia

London, March 15.—The news that "great Russia" had joined the democracies of the world and that one of the three great absolutist rulers of the world had resigned his throne in accordance with the demands of his people, was received here with unmixed joy. There has been no illusion here about Russia. Particularly in the last year it has been well unerstood that the situation there has been the people against the throne.

"The people and the army are all for the war and against Germany," has been the word which came from Russia from all channels repeatedly. That the court has been enshrouded in a pro-German atmosphere and that the emperor was a weak man under the thumb of his wife and also under the domination of several members of the bureaucracy, some of whom were influenced only by the tradition of the old bureaucracy and others of whom were informed by in the pay of German diplomats, also had been reported.

The men now in control of the destinies of the great empire of western Europe are Russians who are anti-German and pro-Russian to the core, so the Russian developments are regarded here as wholly to the benefit of the entente powers in the war.

CITY OF KRONSTADT IS SAID TO HAVE JOINED REVOLUTION

London, March 15.—Telegraphing from Petrograd Wednesday, Reuter's correspondent says Kronstadt, the fortress and seaport at the head of the Gulf of Finland, twenty miles west of Petrograd, has joined the revolutionary movement. Two deputies, Pepelauff and Taskine, on instructions from the duma committee, proceeded to Kronstadt where the troops placed themselves at the disposal of the duma.

M. Pepelauff was appointed commandant of Krondstadt, which is Russia's great naval station.

TRENCHES ON FRONT OF TWO AND HALF MILES CAPTURED

London, March 15. — Another important gain has been made by the British troops between Peronne and Bapaume, according to the official statement issued tonight. Trenches on a front of two and a half miles, running from south of the St. Pierre-Vaast wood to north of the village of Saillisel, have been occupied.

Southeast of Arras the Germans entered British trenches.

HETH ON HIS DEATH BED SAYS VAWTER SHOT HIM

His Statement Only Serves to Deepen the Mystery.

Both Prof. Vawter and His Wife Refuse to Talk of the Incident—No Warrant is Issued for Vawter's Arrest.

Roanoke, Va., March 15.—At a late hour tonight no warrant had been issued for the arrest of Prof. Charles E. Vawter who shot and fatally wounded Stockton Heth, Jr., in a hallway of his home on the Virginia Polytechnic Institute campus at an early hour Tuesday morning. Heth died at a local hospital today and in an ante mortem statement declared that the shot that resulted in his death was fired from a pistol in the hands of Professor Vawter.

Professor Vawter, acting on the advice of counsel at Christiansburg, absolutely refused to make any comment or to break the silence which he has maintained since the shooting. He would neither affirm or deny that Heth's statement was true or answer any questions on the subject. Mrs. Vawter still maintains silence.

The Montgomery county grand jury will not meet before the May term of court.

The magistrate at Blacksburg states that whatever action is taken against Vawter will be decided upon at a conference between Montgomery county authorities and Commonwealth Attorney R. I. Roop either late tonight or tomorrow.

The form of Heth's deathbed statement had served to deepen the mystery surrounding the affair and no one believes that either Professor or Mrs. Vawter will break their silence on the subject until there is a court hearing of the case. The circumstances surrounding the shooting and motive for it are as much a mystery as on the day it happened.

Heth's body is in charge of an undertaking establishment here and the family have made no announcement as to the funeral arrangements. The father of the dead man is on his way here from California and it is probable that the funeral will not take place until after his arrival.

Heth's Ante-Mortem Statement.

Heth's statement just before he died was made to his brother, Lieut. Clement Heth, U. S. A., Commonwealth Attorney Roop being present.

"Who shot you Stock?" Lieutenant Heth said he asked his brother.

"Mr. Vawter," was the reply.

"Charlie Vawter?"

"Yes."

"Why did he shoot you?"

"He hasn't got a thing to stand on, Clem."

"Do you mean he had no reason?"

"Yes. Let me go to sleep."

The wounded man then became unconscious and died a short time later.

An autopsy over Heth's body was held this afternoon by Coroner Gordon Simmons. The coroner refused to make a statement afterward, saying that he would submit his data to Commonwealth Attorney Roop within a few days.

GOVERNOR J. E. FERGUSON IS EXONERATED OF CHARGES.

Austin, Texas, March 15.—Governor James E. Ferguson was exonerated of charges preferred and investigated by the legislative investigating committee in a report submitted to the house late today by the Davis committee. The house adopted a resolution holding the charges were unworthy of impeachment.

IMPORTANT CONFERENCE HELD BY FOUR CABINET MEMBERS

Washington, March 15—An important conference on questions arising out of the arme neutrality status of the United States was held today at the State Deparment with Secretaries aLnsing, Daniele and Baker and Attorney-General Gregory participating. No information was made public.

—Thieves attempted to enter the residence of Miss Augusta Boykin, No. 514 Princess street, yesterday afternoon by breaking through the lattice work in the rear. Policeman A. L. Long investigated the affair, but found no clues. Nothing was missed from the house.

PRESIDENT MADE NO STATEMENT LAST NICHT

Continued From Page One).

beyond appealing to the patriotism of both sides. A provision to empower him to take over the roads in such an emergency was among the administration recommendations for railway legislation which failed at the last session of Congress.

AMBASSADOR GERARD ON AMERICAN SOIL AGAIN



WALK-OUT WILL EXTEND TO ALL RAILROADS IN 5 DAYS

(Continued from Page One.)

based upon the contention that they must "await and abide" by the decision of the Supreme Court on the Adamson act. They asserted their willingness to submit the whole controversy to the eight-hour commission if the law is declared unconstitutional and agreed to accept any decree of the commission.

Pointing out to the four chiefs the grave international crisis which confronts the nation, they appealed to their patriotism to prevent a strike at such a juncture in National affairs.

Indignant Over Roads' Appeal.

The brotherhood chiefs, in a formal statement prepared after the final break, expressed indignation at the attitude taken by the railroads in declaring a strike would be unpatriotic.

"It goes without saying," the statement declared, "that the railroad employes have been patient and loyal to the interests of the country and in the event of war have offered their services to the government.

"If, after more than a year, we have failed to secure some relief, and train and enginemen conclude to fold their hands and starve in reality rather than by degrees, should they be considered as disloyal to their flag?"

Would Consider Wilson's Appeal.

W. G. Lee was informed tonight of the announcement from Washington that President Wilson would do everything in his power to avert a strike and probably would appeal directly to the patriotism of the men themselves. He was asked what effect this would have.

"Why do you ask me that?" he demanded. "We have heard nothing from the President of the United States. When we do hear, we will take up that question."

Warren S. Stone declared that if the President made an appeal to the men "it would be considered." He added, however, that there was "no bluff" about the strike.

BROTHERHOODS' SIDE GIVEN IN STATEMENT BY FOUR CHIEFS

New York, March 15.—The brotherhoods' side of the controversy was made public in a statement signed by the four brotherhood chiefs, W. G. Lee, for the trainmen; W. S. Carter, for the Firemen; L. E. Sheppard, for the Conductors, and W. S. Stone for the engineers.

"We presented a proposition to place the Adamson eight-hour law into effect along the lines suggested by President Wilson last August, which was that in all road service except passenger, where schedules now read: '100 miles or less, 9 or 10 hours or less, overtime at 10 or 11 miles per hour,' insert eight hours or less for a basic day and 12 1-2 miles per hour for speed basis for the purpose of computing overtime. Overtime to be paid for at not less than one-eighth of the daily rate per hour. In all yard, switching and hostling service, where schedules now read '10, 11 or 12 hours or less shall constitute a day's work,' insert 'eight hours or less' shall constitute a day's work. Overtime to be paid for at not less than one-eighth of the daily rate per hour. In passenger service the present mileage basis will be maintained provided that the basic passenger day will not be in excess of eight consecutive hours. Overtime to be paid for at not less than one-eighth of the daily rate per hour.

"The conference committee of the railroads took our proposition under consideration and at the afternoon meeting notified us that they could not accept it and submitted in lieu thereof the following:

"If the Supreme Court holds the law to be constitutional and the two sides cannot agree upon the application of any of the points, we will agree that the eight-hour commission shall determine how the law shall be applied.

"'In case the law is declared unconstitutional, we offer to join you in asking the Eight-hour Commission to determine the whole controversy. Any settlement arrived at to be effective from January 1, 1917.'

"It will be noted that in any eventuality the managers' committee have declined to negotiate any settlement of the eight-hour day; that if the law is held constitutional, they will not agree to our interpretation of the law and desire to submit the application of the law to an arbitration, the members of the Eight Hour Commission, being the arbitration board.

"On the other hand, if the law is declared unconstitutional, they decline to make any settlement of the matters in controversy with us, and again offer to submit the matter to arbitration, the members of the eight hour commission being the arbitrators.

"If the railroads are willing to submit either of these propositions to arbitration, it is evident that they are willing to give their employes an eight-hour day if the arbitration board so decides, but the roads themselves will never grant the request directly.

"We will submit that this is an unfair attitude for the Conference Committee of the railways to assume, for if they are willing to grant the eight-hour day through any method, they should be willing to grant it directly to their employes and not prolong the controversy.

"The public should remember that, after having failed to reach an agreement with the conference committee of the railways last August, President Wilson intervened and attempted to mediate our differences and after hearing both sides of the discussion and considering the matter for several days, proposed a settlement, which settlement is practically the same as we have just proposed to the railroads. The railroads refused to accept the President's proposition, when the President recommended to Congress the enactment of a law similar to his proposition. This Congress did, when the railroads again refused to accept the decision of Congress and have not yet observed the law in a single instance.

"It is apparent to us that the purpose of the railroads is to avoid any settlement of the matter until such time as the country becomes involved in war, when they expect to escape any settlement of whatever character. Even though the Supreme court should decide that the law was constitutional we have noticed that they will not accept our interpretation thereof, which is practically the same as the President proposed when he recommended the enactment of the law; therefore, a decision of the Supreme court upholding the constitutionality of the law would not even indirectly secure for the employes the purpose of the law.

"It goes without saying that railroad employes have been patient and loyal to the interests of the country, and in the event of war have offered their services to the government. It must not be overlooked that during this period when the railroads have persistently denied their employes that which was intended by the President in his proposition and that which was intended by the Congress in the Adamson law, the railroads, during a year's period, show net earnings of a thousand million dollars, while the employes, with no increase in wages, have suffered an increase in cost of living equal to more than forty per cent.

"If, after more than a year, we have failed to secure some relief, and trainmen and enginemen conclude to fold their hands to starve in reality rather than by degrees, should they be considered disloyal to their flag?

"Why not place some of the responsibility on the employers, who can very easily stop all talk of stoppage of trains by recognizing that such employes must either lower their standard of living or they must work longer than ten hours out of each twenty-four in order to retain American standards of living?"

STATEMENT FOR RAILROADS IS ISSUED BY ELISHA LEE

New York, March 15.—Elisha Lee, chairman of the National conference committee of the railroads, made the following statement:

"We have offered to leave to the Goethals eight-hour commission recently appointed by the President any questions that may remain unsettled by the decision of the Supreme court in the pending Adamson law case. We regret that the leaders of the organizations have refued to accept this offer and that they have notified us that they have ordered a series of strikes on the railroads of the country beginning Saturday night at 6 o'clock.

"The ultimatum presented to the railroads by the organizations was that we must immediately put into effect their interpretation of the law, now before the Supreme court for a determination of its constitutionality and meaning, without waiting for the decision of the court.

"We declined to accept this proposition, feeling that we must await and abide by the judgment of the court; and we thereupon made the following formal offer for a settlement of the issues involved:

"'1—If the Supreme court holds the Adamson law to be constitutional and the two sides cannot agree upon the application of any of the points, we will agree that the eight-hour commission shall determine how the law shall be applied.

"'2—In case the law is declared unconstitutional, we offer to join you in asking the eight-hour commission to determine the whole controversy; any settlement arrived at to be effective January 1, 1917.

"This offer for a feasible adjustment was refused."

CHESAPEAKE & OHIO POSTS NOTICE OF AN EMBARGO.

Norfolk, Va., March 15.—Notice that an embargo on all freight from connecting lines would go into effect at the close of business Saturday night, was today posted at the local offices of the Chesapeake & Ohio railway. It was explained that even freight in transit would be refused at junctions after that time and all other shipments will be accepted subject to delay.

Seaboard Air Line, Virginian, and Norfolk & Western officials here said that so far as they had been advised no embargo order was contemplated.

SOUTHERN HAS NOT PLACED EMBARGO ON FREIGHT YET.

Atlanta, Ga., March 15.—The Southern Railway Company will continue to accept freight subject to delay until further notice, it was announced at the headquarters of Vice President Miller here late today, shortly before announcement came that a strike had been called.

SOUTHERN DIVISION OFFICE AT CHARLOTTE ISSUES EMBARGO

Charlotte, N. C., March 15.—A freight embargo order for the fifteen divisions of the lines east of the Southern Railway was issued from the office of General Manager W. N. Foreacre here tonight and a similar order is being issued from the office of the general manager's lines west of Cincinnati.

The order specifies that after 6 a. m. Saturday no perishable freight nor live stock shipments shall be accepted and no freight of any class destined for points beyond the Southern Railway's territory and that all freight accepted shall be subject to delay. The order is signed by William Cowhig, general superintendent of transportation.

Geo. W. Penny SOLE AGENCY



WIFE OF A LOCAL CONTRACTOR TELLS FRIENDS ABOUT IT

Mrs. J. D. Taliaferro Has Already Gained Six Pounds Through Tanlac and Is Free From Ills and Worry.

"I am not a bit nervous now and can hardly get enough sleep. Tanlac is the finest medicine I ever took. I have gained six pounds and told several of my friends about it." The speaker was Mrs. J. D. Taliaferro, whose husband is a well known rosin contractor of this city.

"I suffered from a general run down condition, felt very weak all over. This was due, I think, to neglect for I did not take medicine when I needed it. I lost my appetite and the small amount of food I did eat disagreed with me.

"I suffered from severe pains under my left shoulder and was as nervous as could be. The least no se would disturb me and I would awaken to find my heart thumping, which, of course, caused uneasiness.

"Since taking Tanlac, it's a different story. I can eat anything I want to now, pains in my shoulder have gone and I am so much stronger."

Genuine Tanlac is sold in Wilmington exclusively by the Bellamy Drug Store. Each town has its Tanlac dealer.—adv.

BELL-ANS

Absolutely Removes Indigestion. One package proves it. 25c at all druggists.

PRESIDENT OF L. & N. MAKES APPEAL TO ROAD'S EMPLOYES.

Montgomery, Ala., March 15.—Milton H. Smith, president of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad, tonight issued an appeal to the employes of the system. He urged all old men to remain at work and not forfeit the pension rights and mutual benefit privileges earned by years of service. He made the following offers:

The railroad will provide all brotherhood men carrying insurance in orders, equal insurance in solvent company at same rate.

Those not brotherhood men will be given equal insurance they may be able to obtain in order at same rate.

All new employes of the same classes will be given same insurance privilege. The statement concludes with an appeal to the patriotism of the employes "when their country so sorely needs them, and their families so sorely need their wages."

LABOR FEDERATION HAS NOT PLANNED SYMPATHETIC STRIKE

Washington, March 15.—While the strike called by the railroad brotherhoods will have the full moral support of the American Federation of Labor, no plans have been made by Federation officials for extending the walkout to include other union men.

The brotherhoods are not members of the Federation, but President Gompers has made it clear that the Federation would stand behind the brotherhoods with all its resources. Nearly 400,000 shop employes represented by the railroad department of the Federation, it is believed, will continue working.

N. & W. TO PLACE EMBARGO ON ALL FREIGHT IMMEDIATELY

Roanoke, Va., March 15.—The Norfolk & Western Railroad tonight announced an embargo would be placed against freight of all kinds immediately because of the threatened brotherhood strike which goes into effect on that system Sunday night. No freight of any kind will be accepted except at the shippers' risk.

No statement was available tonight as to the strike situation on the Norfolk & Wesern system. President L. E. Johnson was in New York, where he will attend a meeting of the board of directors tomorrow. This meeting was transferred from Philadelphia to New York. N. D. Maher, first vice-president, was also in New York attending the railroad managers' conference.

CONSTRUCTION WORK ON N., C. & ST. L. TO CEASE SATURDAY.

Nashville, Tenn., March 15.—President Peyton, of the Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis Railway, announced tonight that all construction work on the system would cease next Saturday, except on the coal line extension on the Cumberland plateau.

President Peyton also announced that he would make the same offer to the brotherhood employes who remained loyal as was made by the Louisville & Nashville road. This in substance was that those who hold insurance in several organizations will be given the same amount of insurance by the railroad.

Baltimore, Md., March 15. — Daniel Willard, president of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, tonight issued an appeal to his employees, asking them to stick by the railroad.

Report of the Condition of THE MURCHISON NATIONAL BANK of Wilmington, N. C., at the close of business March 5th, 1917.

RESOURCES:		
Loans and discounts (except those shown on b and c)	$5,331,213.48	
Notes and bills rediscounted (see item 53)	$141,550.73	
Total		$5,189,662.75
Overdrafts—		
Unsecured		14,529 77
Customers' liability account of "acceptances" executed by this bank		699,556.87
U. S. Bonds:		
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	$575,000.00	
U. S. bonds pledged to secure U. S. deposits (par value)	$52,500.00	627,500.00
Bonds, Securities, Etc.:		
Bonds other than U. S. bonds pledged to secure U. S. deposits	$30,000.00	
Bonds other than U. S. bonds pledged to secure postal savings deposits	$5,000.00	
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged	$264,700.00	
Total bonds, securities, etc.		299,700.00
Stocks, other than Federal Reserve Bank stock		35,500 00
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent. of subscription)		45,000.00
Equity in banking house		470,000.00
Furniture and fixtures		5,000.00
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in New York, Chicago and St. Louis	$14,756.52	
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in other reserve cities	$261,571.84	276,328.36
Net amount due from banks and bankers (other than included in 12 or 20)		1,289,491.18
Outside checks and other cash items	$19,053.54	
Fractional currency, nickels and cents	$277.31	19,931.33
Notes of other National banks		61,513.00
Federal Reserve notes		50,000 00
Lawful reserve in vault and net amount due from Federal Reserve Bank		403,844.11
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		23,750.00
Other assets, if any: Liquidation account Southern National Bank		11,333.42
Total		$9,528,090.61
LIABILITIES:		
Capital Stock paid in		$1,000,000 00
Surplus Fund		500,000.00
Undivided profits $277,539.90 Less current expenses, interest and taxes paid	$46,837.57	230,702.33
Circulating notes outstanding		868,400.00
Net amount due to approved reserve agents in N. Y., Chicago and St. Louis	$780.37	
Net amount due to approved reserve agents in other reserve cities	$8,430.85	9,211.22
Net amount due to banks and bankers, other than included in 29 or 30		3,572,272.04
Dividends unpaid		448.00
Demand Deposits:		
Individual deposits subject to check		2,780,435.48
Certified checks		781.74
Cashier's checks outstanding		132,307 81
United States deposits		65,115.18
Postal savings deposits		3,860.64
Total demand deposits, Items 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40	$2,982,500.35	
Other bonds borrowed without furnishing collateral security for same $5,000.00		
Other bonds borrowed for which collateral security was furnished $10,000 00		15,000.00
Acceptances executed for customers		699,556.87
Total		$9,528,090
Liabilities for rediscounts including those with Federal Reserve Banks		$141,55

State of North Carolina, County of N Hanover, ss.:

I, Chas. S. Grainger, Cashier of above named bank, do solemnly sw that the above statement is true to best of my knowledge and belief.

CHAS. S. GRAINGER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before this 15th day of March, 1917.

F. W. DICK, Notary Publ

(My Commission expires March 3, 19

Correct—Attest:

M. W. DIVINE,
A. A. SPRINGER,
M. J. CORBETT,
Directors.



Hardup: "I'm figuring my dress expense, old fellow. Wish you could show me how to make one dollar do the work of two."

Wiseguy: "I can do that in one thing alone—wear True Shape Socks."



Twice Usual Wear or Another Pair

There are three good and all sufficient reasons why you should wear True Shape Socks—looks, comfort, economy

True Shape Socks for Men

Silk Lisle	30c
Silk Plaited	35c
Pure Silk	60c

do not ask a man to exchange one advantage for another. They *always* yield *every* advantage—and *save* you money.

Guaranteed by your dealer and the factory

TRUE SHAPE HOSIERY CO.
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

IT WORKS LIKE A HOE

The Fowler has no long teeth to destroy crop roots. It scalps the surface like a hoe, and makes a perfect dust mulch. With one mule you can cover eight or more acres a day.

The Fowler Cultivator establishes a new principle of cultivation — it works above crop roots and makes such a perfect mulch that those who use it don't care whether it rains or not. Talk about prize acres! You can make every acre a prize acre, just as good an acre as if you hoed it by hand and also cut your usual labor cost in half.

We guarantee that if the Fowler and the principle it teaches do not increase your crop yield your money will be refunded.

Get our book. It tells the whole story. It's free. Send a postal today.



UNCLE SAM says: "If roots are broken, the plant will produce other roots, but at the expense of the vitality and food supply. For retaining moisture a loose mulch 2 or 3 inches thick should be maintained."

SPECIAL PRICES TO THE TRADE.

Masters Rapid Plant Setter



For Setting Out TOMATOES CAULIFLOWER SWEET POTATOES CABBAGE, TOBACCO, Etc.

NO STOOPING The Greatest LABOR SAVER ever bought or ever used NO LAME BACKS

WATERS AND SETS TH.. PLANT SO IT WILL GROW!

This little machine has no equal in all the world, and is just as much needed on the farm as the spade or the hoe.

Makes transplanting EASY, PLEASANT WORK, and will produce a perfect stand of plants and a better quality crop.

N. JACOBI HARDWARE COMP'Y

10 AND 12 SO. FRONT ST. AGENTS.

B. Kuppenheimer & Co. and J. M. Solky & Co. Are Right on the Job

In order to give the Wilmington public a chance to wear the Novelties in Men's Clothing; the kind that is not carried in stock, B. KUPPENHEIMER & CO., will place on sale today in our store 200 samples of the very newest in Men's Clothing, which will be made to your special order just as you want; so come in and have your measure taken. We will guarantee a fit and delivery for Easter.

J. M. SOLKY & COMP'Y

One Price Clothiers and Furnishers
No. 9 North Front Street

Roger Moore's Sons & Co

Brick Manufacturers and Building Material

Send us your order for BEAVER BOARD and get best result

THE BEST DOCTOR

in the world could not cure your ills unless the medicine he prescribed was fresh and active. Like everything else, there is more than one grade of most every drug or medicine known. It is very essential that your drugs are fresh and of the best quality to obtain best results. Think before you have your prescription filled, ask your doctor or a friend about our prescription department, or come in and inspect it yourself, nothing is under cover.

Prescription telephone, 151.

ELVINGTON'S FRONT STREET STORE

YE OLDEN TYME

Horehound Drops, for Coughs and Colds.

Also Lime, Lemon and Orange Drops.

Pure and wholesome and excellent for the throat.

Delicious Salted Peanuts.

Belle Mead Candies, "Fresh by Express."

The purest and most wholesome line of Candies on the Market.

J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co.

"The Up to the Minute Quality Drugstore."

Front and Grace. 'Phone 126.

PRESCRIPTIONS ARE OUR SPECIALTY

Our Prescription Record is over 205,000. These thousands trusted us with their prescriptions. Why not you?

Call 191

Green's Drug Store

"Everything in Drugs"

—109 MARKET ST.—

LEATHER GOODS

We carry a full line of High Grade Leather Goods in Ladies' Hand Bags and Purses, Desk Sets and Traveling Cases. Game Sets, Drinking Cups, Etc. Also Gentlemen's Bill Rolls, Collar Bags, Card Cases and many other Novelties in Leather.

Let us show you.

C. W. Yates Co.

OFFICE OUTFITTERS.

MR. MERCHANT:
We Can Save You Money on

OVERALLS

Prices and Quality Right.

It Will be to Your Interest to Let Us Quote You.

LOW FREIGHT RATES.

Coast Brand Overall Co.

MARION, S. C.

J. B. McCABE & CO.,

Certified Public Accountants

Room 815 Murchison Bank Bldg.

Wilmington, N. C.

Read Star Business Locals

THEATRICAL

Those who saw the last installment of that great Pathe serial, "Pearl of the Army," at the Bijou last Friday will not be apt to miss today's, the eighth thrilling two-reel episode, but to those who did not see it, it may be said that the eighth great chapter today entitled "International Diplomacy" is the most timely two reels of motion pictures ever presented anywhere. The title itself lends itself readily to this very day when all diplomats of America are straining every point to keep America "safe and sane" and yet maintain American honor.

An episode full of thrills and fast action. Pearl discovers the secret meeting place of the Foreign Alliance in the cellar of one of our government buildings and contriving an entrance overhears their plans. Adams also gains an entrance, is trussed up and hears the order given by one of the men to put a silencer on his gun and shoot him. Pearl bravely reveals her own hiding place by firing and hitting the hand aiming the gun at Adams. Then she is seized and they both face a grave crisis. Suddenly at her right there is a crash and—

Yes—there's a great two reel L-Ko scream, too. It's entitled "Spike's Bizzy Bike," and is the rip-roaringest two-reeler ever filmed, starring Dan Russel, in the leading role.

At the Grand Today.

Seldom does any picture include so strong a cast as does the charming five reel photoplay, "Polly Put the Kettle On," which comes to the Grand today. It includes Thomas Jefferson, Ruth Clifford, Grace Maddox, Douglas Gerrard, Marvel Spencer, Lena Baskette, and that five-year-old screen wonder, Zoe Rae, who makes and keeps admirers of every age in every part of the globe.

Gerrard directs the picture, also being starred in it, if any additional proof of its exceptional worth is needed. "Polly Put the Kettle On, We'll All Have Tea," the popular old song, inspired by Grace Helen Bailey to weave



FRANCIS X. BUSHMAN AND BEVERLY BAYNE.
In "The Great Secret" at the Grand Today.

youth, love and goodness into a most appealing story, the scenario of which was written by Elizabeth Hendrix.

This mammoth offering is to be presented today along with the latest big two-reel chapter of "The Great Secret," starring those two marvelously popular stars, Francis X. Bushman and Beverly Bayne, making a great seven reel double bill for one single admission.

The Cycling Reynards—Royal

The Cycling Reynards, the greatest, most sensational and spectacular cycling act ever presented in vaudeville, an act that has created a sensation in every civilized country on the globe, is the headliner on the Royal's big new vaudeville bill for today and tomorrow. The Cycling Reynards are really top-liner vaudeville artists and have been connected with some of the very biggest circuits playing the biggest cities of America. It is indeed a wonderful act to put on a small enclosed stage and will be marveled at by every one who sees it.

Jack Miley, "The Fashion Plate of Vaudeville," in a nifty singing, talking and comedy act, makes a distinct hit also. He's the comedy artist who makes the orchestra laugh and forget its cues and presents one of the most laughable comedy acts seen here this season.

Denny and Morrison, "The Harmony Duo with the Violin," straight from Broadway with their big singing, talking and musical act, present Mr. Denny as tenor singer and violinist and Miss Morrison as soprano.

Fred Stellings, "An Acrobat and a Dog," in the greatest acrobatic comedy single act ever seen here will bring the show to a grand finale.

Coburn's Greater Minstrels.

The following criticism of Coburn's Greater Minstrels which will be seen at the Academy of Music tomorrow, matinee and night, was taken from the Raleigh News and Observer of last Wednesday:

"Full of pep, clever and new jokes, catchy songs and a variety of offerings, including Charlie Gano, himself and no other, J. A. Coburn's Greater Minstrels visited Raleigh last night and left an impression upon a good audience that his show is in a class with the best on the road.

"Charlie Gano was the real article in the form of minstrel entertainment and not a moment during his presence before the audience did he allow a lull in the laughter. Full of the very best in the joke line, Gano evoked applause after applause as his witty remarks sounded on the ears of the crowd. They listened with an eagerness to catch every word he said, and original were his sayings. Of course, around Gano were assembled comedians who amply supported the principal fun producer throughout the entire two and a half hours of mirth.

"The minstrel opened with an attractive scene at the palace of 'The Maharajah Naizam', where 'America's Millionaire Hunt Club' was royally entertained. During the opening scene Lester A. Lucas was interlocutor and did his introduction credit. Songs which made hits were "Mother is the Best Sweetheart of All," by Earl Rowland; "Big Bass Viol," by Lester Lucas, whose powerful basso voice pleased immensely; Ed C. Clifford in singing "Will o' the Wisp," and "Love is the Only Thing in Life," made a big hit. Other song hits were "Fountain of Youth," by Charlie Gano and "There is Someone More Lonesome Than You," by Arthur Fulton.

"There was little wait during the entire presentation. Something was going on all the time, even during a short intermission when the little drummer attracted the audience by his work on the snare and traps. His drum work also was a feature of the parade and street band concerts.

"The second part was taken up by a series of musicals, acrobatic and contortionist acts. The three Cates brothers were exceptionally good with their music, while Lynch and Boyne executed some very clever and difficult tumbling.

"Standing out as one of the musicale features of the show was the playing of Restivio, the wizard of the accordian. This young player won the plaudits of the audience after his first selection and it was with difficulty that he succeeded in making his last bow.

"The final act was a mixture of fun on the topic of the day—military preparedness—and was just the thing to leave the crowd in the same mirthful mood maintained during the evening."

The matinee prices will be 75 cents for lower floor seats, 50 cents to balcony seats, and 25 cents for children to any part of the theatre. The night prices will be 50 cents, 75 cents and $1. Tickets are now selling at Elvington's for both performances.

HIGH HEELS PUT CORNS ON FEET

Tells women how to dry up a corn so it lifts out without pain.

Modern high-heeled footwear buckles the toes and produces corns, and many of the thousands of hospital cases of infection and lockjaw are the result of woman's suicidal habit of trying to cut away these painful pests.

For little cost there can be obtained at any pharmacy a quarter of an ounce of a drug called freezone, which is sufficient to rid one's feet of every hard or soft corn or callus without the slightest danger or inconvenience.

A few drops applied directly upon the tender, aching corn stops the soreness and shortly the entire corn, root and all, lifts right out. It is a sticky substance, which dries the moment it is applied, and thousands of men and women use it because the corn shrivels up and comes out without inflaming or even irritating the surrounding tissue or skin. Cut this out and try it if your corns bother you.

GIRLS! DRAW A MOIST CLOTH THROUGH HAIR, DOUBLE ITS BEAUTY

Try this! Hair gets thick, glossy, wavy and beautiful at once.

Immediate?—Yes. Certain?—that's the joy of it. Your hair becomes light, wavy, fluffy, abundant and appears as soft, lustrous and beautiful as a young girl's after a Danderine hair cleanse. Just try this—moisten a cloth with a little Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. This will cleanse the hair of dust, dirt or excessive oil, and in just a few moments you have doubled the beauty of your hair. A delightful surprise awaits those whose hair has been neglected or is scraggy, faded, dry, brittle or thin. Besides beautifying the hair, Danderine dissolves every particle of dandruff; cleanses, purifies and invigorates the scalp, forever stopping itching and falling hair, but what will please you most will be after a few week's use, when you see new hair—fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair growing all over the scalp. If you care for pretty, soft hair, and lots of it, surely get a 25-cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any drug store or toilet counter and just try it.

NEWS OF DAVIDSON COLLEGE.

Mr. G. W. Mackey to be Gymnasium Director and Basketball Coach.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Davidson, N. C., March 15.—Through the efforts of the authorities Davidson College has secured the services of Mr. G. W. Mackey, of the class of 1911, as gymnasium director and coach for basketball and track next year. Mr. Mackey is now connected with the Atlanta Y. M. C. A. as physical director and will assume his duties at Davidson with the beginning of the fall term.

Davidson considers herself fortunate in securing such a man for this position as he is eminently qualified for the work. After taking his M. A. at Davidson, Mr. Mackey took a course in the Springfield Training School for Y. M. C. A. workers and will be in sympathy with the college activities. In addition to having charge of the gymnasium work here and coaching basketball and track, Mr. Mackey will act as Y. M. C. A. secretary and in holding this position he will be filling a long felt need at Davidson.

New improvements are being made at the Sprunt Athletic Field in the form of larger grandstands for the convenience of the onlookers at the athletic contests and there is being built a three-foot fence in front of the grandstand which is intended to keep overenthusiasts off the diamond and allow others to see the game from the place that they happen to be occupying.

MAXTON CHAMBER GETS BUSY

Membership of at Least 100 Now Expected—Plans Outlined.

Maxton, N. C., March 15.—Another enthusiastic meeting of the recently organized chamber of commerce was held Tuesday night with a largely increased attendance. A membership of at least one hundred is now expected. Several committees were appointed, one of which, the producers committee, promises somt immediate action. This committee is expected to organize and interest the young people in the rural districts in pig clubs, canning clubs, etc., with a view of bringing into closer touch the town and country. Also, there was appointed a financial and a publicity committee, and the committee on bylaws outlined its report to be adopted at the next meeting.

Mayor Stansel appeared before the chamber and in a short talk outlined some important activities which he wished to see worked out for the benefit of the community.

INQUIRY INTO DROWNING OF TEN SAILORS IS COMPLETED

Norfolk, Va., March 15.—The board of inquiry today completed the examination of witnesses relative to the recent loss of the lives of ten men of the crew of the coast guard cutter Yamacraw on the night of March 4, in attempting to reach the stranded oil tanker Louisiana off Ocean City, Md., in a small boat. The report has been forwarded to Washington. Friends of Capt. Randolph Ridgely, of the Yamacraw, are confident of his exoneration from all blame. The court of inquiry consisted of Capts. B. M. Chiswell, Sr., D. E. Foley and C. Johnston.

WHITE MAN CHARGED WITH TRYING TO ROB NEGRO WOMAN

Goldsboro, N. C., March 15.—Leslie Jones, white, who had just finished serving time on the roads in this county, was brought in today under arrest by Sheriff Edwards, charged with attempted robbery of a colored woman on the highway near Hams Springs Tuesday afternoon.

STATE COLLEGE TO CONDUCT TESTS ON COTTON MANUFACTURE

Results Expected to be of Immense Value Throughout Country

West Raleigh, N. C., March 15.—The textile department of the North Carolina State College has again been chosen by the office of markets and rural organization of the U. S. Department of Agriculture to conduct tests on cotton manufacture, the results of which will be of immense value throughout the country.

The tests now in progress will give important data as to the waste and tensile strength of a number of popular varieties of upland cotton, such as Triumph, Acala, Lone Star, Rowden, Trice and Half-and-Half, in comparison with each other.

The work is being done under the direct supervision of Mr. Wm. S. Dean, a graduate of the N. C. State College textile department, class of 1909. Mr. Dean was previously connected with cotton mills in this State, and, since having been with the government, he has conducted tests in various textile schools and mills, both North and South.

ANOTHER CARGO OF SEA BASS

Brought Into Southport and Shipped North by Captain Hewett

(Special Star Correspondence).

Southport, N. C., March 15.—The fishing smack Thomaston came in again yesterday with a cargo of sea bass, these being taken by Capt. Charles Hewett, who shipped the fish to Northern markets.

Another fish that is being caught near here just now is the cat fish, which are skinned, packed and shipped North. There does not appear to be any local demand for this fish, while there is a good market North.

Fire at Goldsboro

Goldsboro, N. C., March 15.—Fire at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon destroyed three small tenant houses on East Holly street owned by Mr. F. B. Edmundson. The sparks of a burning trash pile fell on the roofing of one house and this quickly spread to adjoining property.

Bon Marche Incorporated. | *Mail Orders Promptly Filled*

Friday and Saturday Specials from Every Section of the Store

Neckwear---

75c lot of Collars, Jabots and Collar and Cuff Sets, priced special at 39c

75c Boudoir Caps, crepe de chine and wash silk with lace trimming; priced at . .39c

House Furnishings

81x90 Mohawk Sheets at $1.00

42x36 Defender Pillow Cases at 12½c

75c Table Scarfs and Squares; large sizes, special at 49c

Crepe de Chine Handkerchiefs

25c line of Crepe de Chine Handkerchiefs, with fancy borders, priced at 19c

From the Toilet Article Department

25c Pond's Cold Cream 19c

15c Talcum Powder, Colgate's E'Clat 11c

50c Pebeco Tooth Paste 39c

35c Colgate's Tooth Paste in glass jar with metal top 29c

25c tube Colgate's Ribbon Dental Cream 19c

25c Pears' real English Transparent Glycerine Soap, priced special . .21c

Inexpensive Laces

Val., Filet and Torchon Laces, 1-4 inch to 2 inches wide . . . .5c a yard

One lot of Filet Lace, medium widths, special at 7½c

One lot of Filet and Val. Laces, all widths, good value, at 10c

Ladies' and Children's Hand Bags

Children's Knit Bags, sport shades, at only 50c

$1.50 Silk Beaded Hand Bags for Ladies; priced special 98c

SPORTS

SOUTHPORT WILL BUILD PARK AND WILL HAVE BASEBALL

Movement Launched at Public Meeting. Fort to Play at Town.

(Special Star Correspondence).

Southport, N. C., March 15.—A public meeting was held at the court house last night in the interest of local baseball, C. L. Stevens presiding and presenting the matter to those present.

This year as there can be no public ball games played at Fort Caswell, the offer has been made to Southport that if suitable ball grounds were fitted up, the Fort would stage all their games here. As the Fort baseball management have a number of games to be played with outside teams, and as a local team will be on the list to play, the Fort offer was found to be one that local interests could not see turned down.

After discussion, and upon motion duly seconded and carried unanimously, it was decided to elect a board of three members who would be empowered to go ahead and use such means as in their discretion they judged best, to collect funds, employ help and build a first class ball field. The following board was named: C. L. Stevens, Cecil Lewis and George H. Ruark. The chairman reported that already, through the city and outside parties, there had been contributed enough to furnish the clay for the field. Other contributions will be asked at once, and the field has been gone over for the proposed park today. The clay has been ordered.

CAROLINA'S PITCHING STAFF IS SHOWING UP WELL IN PRACTICE

Chapel Hill, N. C., March 15.—Despite the bad weather conditions and the delay in putting the 'varsity field into shape, Carolina's baseball squad, now numbering about 40 men, has been at work for the past few weeks. The practice for the most part has been confined to hitting and the infield has had very little chance for a real workout; hence the early season choice for the team must be made from the showing of the men at bat.

The pitching staff this year is composed of Lewellyn, Pippin, Powell, Coleman, Kinlaw, Thayer and Edwards, all of whom have shown up well so far. Practice games have now been the order of the day for a week, and thereby some light has been thrown on the possibilities of the season. Bennett, a member of last year's squad, will most probably do the catching. He hits hard and has more experience than the other candidates, Harrell, Younce and Roberts, who are also showing up well. The pitching will very probably be done in large part by Lewellyn and Powell, though Coleman and Kinlaw are showing considerable ability. Folger at first; Jennette at second; Herty at shortstop, and Meimster at third, will probably complete the infield. In the outfield the probable line-up will be Barnes, left field; Stuart, center field, and Weeks, Self or Proctor, right field.

CAROLINA LEAGUE SEASON WILL BE OPENED ON APRIL 18

Raleigh, N. C., March 15.—The 1917 season of the North Carolina Baseball League will open April 18 and close August 29, according to the schedule announced today by President Bramham. The schedule provides for 116 games in four-game and two-game series. The season will close earlier than usual this year, ending heretofore on Labor Day.

Carolina Defeats Bingham.

Chapel Hill, N. C., March 15.—In the first baseball game of the season, Carolina defeated Bingham (Mebane) here today 4 to 3. Lewellyn kept Bingham shut out until the ninth inning. Barnes made a home run for Carolina. Maloney pitched well for Bingham.

Warsaw Saddened; Andy is Dead.

Warsaw, N. C., March 15.—It was with somewhat the feeling of regret which attends the loss of a human friend, that many in the town learned of the death of Mr. T. B. Massie's little fox terrier dog, Andy. He was a dog of remarkable intelligence, displaying at times almost human sagacity, as when he found a dollar bill on the street and carried it home to his master, and performing other acts of like intelligence. He was universally loved by those who knew him, being a general favorite of the town. Andy came in contact with a much larger dog and like many other good fighters, was overpowered, but not beaten. He received a gash on his shoulder, which necessitated several stitches to be taken, it being necessary to administer an anaesthetic, from the effects of which he never recovered.

GUARDSMEN START HOME.

Third N. C. and First Tennessee Infantry Left Border Yesterday.

San Antonio, Texas, March 15.—Several National Guard organiaztions started home from the border today, including the Third North Carolina infantry at El Paso, and the First Tennessee infantry at Eagle Pass.

Let the Audubon Nursery do that spring planting for you. A phone message or a postal will bring their representative to your door. Phone 258-1 and 28; P. O. address Box 731.—Adv.



BIJOU

"PEARL OF THE ARMY"

Eighth Thrilling Chapter Entitled

"INTERNATIONAL DIPLOMACY"

Dan Russell

In a Rip-Roaring Two-Reel L-Ko Scream.

"Spike's Bizy Bike"

It's Breathless!

GRAND

F. X. B. and B. B.

—in—

"THE GREAT SECRET"

Just Another Thrilling Chapter.

Ruth Clifford

With Thomas Jefferson, in

"POLLY PUT THE KETTLE ON"

A Big Five-Reel Comedy-Drama Feature.

'Phone 990-J for Schedules.

ROYAL

CYCLING REYNARDS

Most Sensational Cycling Act Ever Seen on the American Stage.

JACK MILEY

The Fashion Plate of Vaudeville. Up to the Minute Singing and Talking Comedy.

DENNY & MORRISON

Mr. Denny, Tenor and Violinist. Miss Morrison, Soprano.

STELLING

"An Acrobat and a Dog."

"JEALOUS JOLTS"

A Rip-Roaring Vogue Comedy, With Ben Turpin and Gypsy Abbot.

Matinee, 10-15c. Nights, 15-25c.

COMPLETE FERTILIZER WITH POTASH

We Are Prepared to Make Immediate and Future Shipments of

Tobacco Special

8 - 3 - 3 8 - 2 - 2

Fish Guano for Cotton, Corn and All Crops

8 - 3 - 3 8 - 4 - 1

8 - 2 - 2 8 - 2 1-2 - 1

Venezuelan Goat Guano

7 - 3 - 2 7 - 2 1-2 - 1 1-2

8 - 2 1-2 - 1

Top Dresser

4 7 1-2 - 2 2 1-2 4 - 7 1-2 - 1

Potash Derived from Carbonate and Nitrate of Potash

WRITE OR TELEGRAPH

MAYBANK FERTILIZER COMPANY

T. J. Simons, Gen. Man.

Charleston, S. C.

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the
WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC.
Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under act of Congress, March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily and mailed to subscribers outside the county at $6 per year; $3 for six months; $1.50 for three months or served by carrier in the city and suburbs at 60c. per month, or, when paid in advance, $7.00 per year; $3.50 for six months, $1.75 for three months.

THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year, $1.00; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may rest assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina. Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate, and like matter will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, to persons carrying a regular account, or, if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, excursions, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under the same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to the readers of the paper, in the discretion of the editors.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 51 Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted, and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected, unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

ALL DRAFTS, checks, express money orders and postal money orders for the paper should be made payable and all communications should be addressed to THE WILMINGTON STAR CO.

FRIDAY, MARCH 16, 1917.

TOP O' THE MORNING.

We need not cheaper living, but a better brand of conscience. Conscience is the most delicate and costly instrument in the world when enlightened, and is gotten only through years of discipline.

—J. B. GREEN.

It could be worse. Any Turk can tell you that.

The Chinese seem disposed to washee their hands of Germany.

Congress will meet in extra session just a month from today.

Peaches and cream are now being served in Wilmington. That's what we said.

The two degeees of the Sublime Order of the Mundane Sphere are agree and disagree.

Probably Judge Hughes could tell us what to do, now that he isn't running for President.

The average egotist does not even know what to eat. The poor simp does not know a thing about calories.

Some people are content to get along in the world while others are discontented because they can't get away with the world.

A smart man can make a fool of himself about something or other and actually be so foolish about it that he doesn't know what a fool he is.

If you don't know what neutrality means, you can illustrate it to yourself by yur unwillingness to be either pro-Villa or pro-Zapata.

A young fellow who was about to get married asked his father what was the best rule to adopt for married life. "No use to adopt a rule," the sage replied. "All you've got to do is to meekly submit to it."

The officers of the navy are calling upon Secretary Daniels for "chasers," but it hasn't been so very long since they were down on the chaser which the Secretary ordered for exclusive use on each ship of the navy.

Though void of significance, so far as is apparent, it was a rather remarkable coincidence that Gerard reached Washington from Berlin and von Bernstorff reached Berlin from Washington on the same day.

Suppose you don't like onions, other people do. A man should raise onions in order to cater to the taste of others and not because of his own taste. Meet the public demand instead of trying to meet your own.

The Republicans in the House of Representatives are quarreling over the speakership. There is nothing surprising about that at all. These are quarreling times. We doubt whether a dozen men can meet now without having a disagreement.

The Columbia States refers to a movement on the part of the Blease faction to kick Senator Tillman out of the "reform" ranks. That would be a more or less spectacular thing to attempt, but the Hon. Tillman won't be the spec in the spectacle.

We all thought last September that no more inopportune time could have been selected for a nation-wide railroad strike, but, disastrous as such an eventuality would have been at that time, it could not have been half so grave as such a strike at the present time when we are virtually in a state of war with one of the most powerful nations of earth.

Oppose, argue, dispute, antagonize. It seems to be the very nature of men and people to disagre, but how much better it would be for all to unite and get the tag of antagonize, else eliminate the agonize that's in it. It's a fact, however, if one man puts the most commendable proposition before the house, some argumentative cuss will monkey around and try to line up the opposition.

OPPORTUNITIES FOR FAME AND WEALTH RIGHT HERE.

North Carolina's achievements in industrial lines, and others as well, remind us that the Department of Commerce at Washington has furnished the proof that there are tremendous opportunities in the great natural resources of this State. They furnish opportunities without limit and they should keep in this State all its natives and attract to this State a large number of investors and opportunity seekers. There is no use for a North Carolinian to go hence, but the Durham Herald has the best of reasons for furnishing us this little text:

"Among other things about which North Carolina prides herself, one is that she has probably sent more sons to other states, where they won fame, than any other commonwealth."

Of course, we are proud of North Carolinians who win fame anywhere, but after having been born in North Carolina, it was their inalienable right to become famous. That's no more than we expect of them, even if they did get cold feet and went off in search of fame. There was plenty of it right here in North Carolina and they might have been more famous if they had remained here. We are proud of them but the natives of whom we are proudest are those who remained here to make North Carolina famous. After having been born here, thousands of Tar Heels remained at home and became famous. This shows that any North Carolinian is as liable to be famous here as anywhere.

We are proud of all North Carolinians but we have reason to be prouder of those who have stayed here and become famous and who have made the State famous. We can't go into particulars about the various famous men that are right here in the good old North State, but if we will stop to think of the main thing for a North Carolinian to do we will conclude that it is to stay here and make North Carolina famous. We are proud of those who have done that and are doing it all the time. In this instance we refer to North Carolinans who have become famous as manufacturers and industrial captains. They have made it possible for us to be proud of North Carolina for the material achievement that she has scored by reason of their genius and capabilities.

North Carolina's manufactured output in 1914 had an actual value of $289,411,987. In 1914 North Carolina's industrial growth was double the percentage for that of the United States as a whole. Her progress in cotton manufacturing was such that in a circular just issued by the United States Department of Commerce, it is announced that "the value of products reported in this industry, $90,743,683, places North Carolina second in order of importance among cotton manufacturing states."

Hurrah for the North Carolinians who knew enough to see opportunities here and stayed right by them to the finish! They are creating wealth in cotton manufactures to the amount of from $90,000,000 to $100,000,000 a year. They are employing from 47,231 to 53,703 people and giving them an opportunity to remain where they were born. They are keeping North Carolinians at home by what they are doing as captains of industry. They are distributing millions of dollars among wage earners, and that is making thrifty, prosperous cities wherever the hum of machinery is heard. This cotton manufacturing industry is adding the net sum of $23,992,000 to $28,405,000 to profit wealth in North Carolina every year, over and above the wages retained in the manufacturing localities.

These constructive, home staying North Carolinians saw their opportunity in cotton, one of the great raw materials of the State's marvelous agriculture. They have made cotton manufacturing rank first among the industries of the State. Others saw their opportunity in the manufacture of tobacco and they have made it second in importance in the State's manufactures. Tobacco is another one of the products of North Carolina's versatile agricultural capabilities. During the five-year period from 1909 to 1914, the average number of wage earners in tobacco factories increased by 60.8 per cent. In ten years North Carolina's timber, lumber, furniture and wood working industries increased 103.4 per cent! In the matter of cotton seed oil and cake products the five year increase was 79.6 in 1909-14, as to value of products, while the percentage from 1904 to 1909 was greater than for any other industry in the State. Moreover, the percentage of increase from 1909 to 1914 was greater than any other industry with products valued at more than $1,000,000 per single industry. The percentage of wage earners in this industry is decidedly higher than for most other industries. Up to 1909 North Carolina ranked seventh among all the states in the manufacture of fertilizers. She leaped up to fifth place in 1914. In that year this industry employed 1,690 wage earners and its manufactured products reached a value of $10,308,800. Wage earners increased in five years by 81.1 per cent and the value of products increased 68.2 per cent.

In 1914 North Carolina's industrial system gave employment to 151,335 persons, including 136,844 wage earners, 9,968 proprietors and officials and 4,523 clerks. In five years North Carolina's industrial wage earners increased 12.6 per cent to 6.4 for the United States. The value of manufactures increased 32.6 per cent to 17.2 per cent for the United States, and the value added by manufacture increased 26 per cent to 15.8 per cent for the whole of America. This shows conclusively how industries flourish in North Carolina, and the Department of Commerce accounts for it by saying that "the natural resources of North Carolina, which are of great importance, have a marked influence in the establishment and growth of many industries." The State produces raw materials in large quantities, showing that there are plenty more manufacturing opportunities in old North Carolina. There are industrial opportunities that any wide awake man can see. There are scores of them that Wilmington ought to see and, as a matter of fact, manufacturers from everywhere ought to see opportunities in Wilmington by reason of her nearness to the raw materials and because of her arvantages of rail and water transportation.

North Carolinians don't have to go anywhere to look for opportunities if they have the money. All they've got to do is to look around at home. Those from abroad ought to come here for opportunities, since the Department of Commerce proclaims the fact that industries using North Carolina raw materials have gone on increasing at a per centage greater than that of the whole United States. For this we thank and honor the North Carolinians who have remained in the State to utilize her matchless resources and acquire fame and wealth for themselves and to achieve greatness for the State.

HOW WE CAN HELP OURSELVES AT HOME

Modern inventions and discoveries offer us relief from many of the conditions we have to face, since they provide us a way to help ourselves when we cannot depend upon the help of others. Since life is neither a pipe dream nor one sweet song for most people, the Columbia Record thus refers to the blessings of electricity and the tin can:

"Electricity is the house girl of modern times. Time was when every Southern home could afford two or more servants. Today it is difficult to get trained domestics. But electricity and the tin can are making home work tolerable. The Orangeburg chamber of commerce reports that 50,000 empty tin cans have been collected in that city. Some may preach again the tin can and its heterogenous contents, but there was never a greater labor saver for tired housewives. And electricity is the house girl that does in the house what the tin can does in the kitchen in the way of labor saving. Electricity can iron clothes, warm the room, curl the hair, massage the body, operate the sewing machine, in fact do countless chores that would not be done if the tired housewife had the work to do when the maid goes to her grandma's funeral."

Well, many people are taking advantage of electricity, but there are thousands who have not yet learned what a great boon it is. They are doing injustice to themselves. Many have found out what the tin can can do for them In the story, however, there is a lesson which we should take home to ourselves. We ought to learn more about what electricity can do for us, and at the same time consider the tin can with relation to what we can do with it and what we can do about it.

Electricity speaks for itself, but we venture a few remarks about the tin can. Canned goods in the pantry represent a certain amount of home preparedness and domestic convenience, but there is a certain amount of canned economy in canned goods. We need them, we use them and we create a large demand for the goods, but we should reflect that we should supply our own demands as to all sorts of canned products for the table.

That is to say that the South should can all the products for which there is such a tremendous and growing demand in the South. If the South were to can this demand it would keep millions of dollars in the South. The South can raise in great abundance everything that is canned and it not only has the great home demand to make canning enterprises attractive and profitable but there is an American wide demand and a world need that would be open to every canning establishment that we could erect in the South.

Yesterday we got a certain amount of sustenance from a can of English peas raised in New Jersey and canned at Freehold, and when we bought Freehold canned goods in Wilmington it was with surprise. From what we have seen of it, we did not think the land on that part of the Jersey coast would sprout peas, but it does, and we are actually depending on that Northern land to supply our tables right here in this fertile and wonderfully productive section of North Carolina. At it is, we are glad to get Freehold peas, but we ought to be ashamed to depend on Freehold for what we ought to supply to Freehold.

The probability is, however, that the South grows the peas while Freehold does the canning. Be that as it may, it is positively absurd for the South to neglect to produce its own table necessities and can them for winter use. Our empty cans would not be a reflection upon us if the goods were put up in our own productive communities. How long will we be the kind of people who are indifferent about the duty of feeding ourselves?

WHAT WILL GERARD REVEAL?

James W. Gerard, recently ambassador at Berlin, who reached Washington last Wednesday, probably will unfold a story of great magnitude to President Wilson at the opportune moment for him to do so. It is quite natural for the country to have an inordinate curiosity as to what he will have to report to the President, in addition to the general and casual statements reported in press dispatches in yesterday morning's papers as having been made by the former ambassador at the State Department upon his arrival. It is quite possible that Mr. Wilson will keep secret the most vital and significant portion of the report which the ambassador makes to him, yet something of it will be given to the public sooner or later—most likely later.

Ambassador Gerard will relate his experiences and make a formal report, and everybody is prepared to believe that it will be of great national and international purport. He can give the government information that he could not possibly furnish from Berlin, but it is remembered that he furnished enough long ago to warn this country that Germany would spring her unrestricted submarine campaign. Months ago he even warned Washington that the campaign of destruction would begin February 1. He got to Washington just in time to hear the authentic story of the sinking of the American steamship Algonquin which was sunk by a German submarine without warning on Monday evening.

Mr. Gerard can tell this country what the effect was on Germany when President Wilson dissolved diplomatic relations. He can tell all about Germany's food problem and be able to give an idea of her resources for continuing the war. He may be able to give much of the history of the war and forecast something of its future.

CURRENT COMMENT.

The new "Encyclopedia Americana" will contain an exhaustive article on North Carolina, by Chief Justice Clark. There will also be in the next number of the Pennsylvania Law Review an article written by him, on request, on "The Electoral College and Presidential Suffrage," and he has recently furnished for Van Noppen's forthcoming eighth volume of North Carolina biography a sketch of Edward J. Hale, our Minister to Coast Rica.—Raleigh News and Observer.

If the newspapers in this country have been having a hard time with the high cost of paper, what must have been the experience of the papers published in the belligerent countries? The Observer has often wondered how they could weather the storm, but up to this time they have gone along without apparent difficulty. But the pinch has reached them, and the publishers of papers in the United States will be interested in the steps taken by the English papers to meet the difficulty. It is not in a reduction of size, or what they call "a lowering of character," but is in a raise of price. And the raise is just double. The half-penny papers have gone up to a penny, while the penny papers now charge two pence. How would the American public stand for a doubling in price by the home papers? In this country the increases, where increases have been made, were but nominal, the weekly charging from a quarter to fifty cents a year extra—and it is to be said that more than ever are the American people now getting the worth of the money they pay for their newspapers.—Charlotte Observer.

COTTON CONSUMPTION REPORT

Amount Used in February Aggregated 547,203 Bales as Compared With 540,733 for February, 1916.

Washington, March 15.—Cotton consumed in the United States during February aggregated 547,203 running bales, exclusive of linters, and for the seven months ending with February, 3,914,866 bales, the Census Bureau today announced.

Last year during February 540,733 bales were consumed and in the seven months 3,616,545 bales.

Cotton on hand February 28 in consuming establishments was 2,167,288 bales, compared with 1,984,821 the previous year, and in public storage and at compresses 3,435,273 bales, compared with 3,970,799 the previous year.

Cotton spindles active during February numbered 33,117,090, compared with 31,980,240 the previous year.

Exports during February were 356,039 bales, compared with 703,932 the previous year, and for the seven months 4,317,096 bales, compared with 3,664,940. Imports during February were 56,057 bales, compared with 72,913 a year ago, and for the seven months 165,304 bales, compared with 254,050 a year ago.

Linters, not included in foregoing statistics, consumed during February were 63,403 bales, and for the seven months, 474,443 bales; on hand February 28, in consuming establishments, 107,910 bales, and in public storage and at compresses 169,336 bales.

Linters exported during February, and included in export figures, were 35,033 bales, and for the seven months 163,479 bales.

Cotton consumed in cotton growing states during February amounted to 312,552 bales, compared with 302,642 a year ago, and for the seven months, 2,248,666 bales, compared with 1,687,762 a year ago.

Cotton on hand in cotton growing states February 28 in consuming establishments was 1,164,324 bales, compared with 1,048,529 a year ago and in public stores and at compresses 3,044,637 bales, compared with 3,598,370 a year ago.

Cotton spindles active during February in cotton growing states were 13,771,876 compared with 13,005,939 a year ago.

THE SEMINOLE TOOK ALONG THE POWER BOAT VIKING

Latter Being Taken From Southport to Baltimore For Repairs

(Special Star Correspondence).

Southport, N. C., March 15.—The coast guard cutter Seminole left here last night, towing the Viking, the big power boat of the Oak Island coast station, which is being taken to Baltimore for repairs. There is considerable concern among local fishing interests over the going away of the Viking, as it has been of incalculable service in going to the assistance of the fish boats off the Cape Fear bar, and as the season is soon to open again, such a boat is demanded at this point.

—The current issue of the American Journal of Public Health carries a very commendatory article concerning the work of the local health department.

Viewing the New Spring Styles

Has been a source of great pleasure to all who have attended our

SPRING OPENING

Throngs of eager and appreciative customers have been in the store, and only words of praise and admiration were heard from any one present.

Millinery and Ladies' Ready-to-Wear.



Have attracted the most attention because of the extremely beautiful models and the authentic styles shown. We are showing such styles in Hats as the Persian Sailor, Continental, Coolie, Chic Hat and a full line of Plain, Fancy and Sport Hats.

Coat Suits of Serge and Poplin in the best styles, including the Full Pleated Skirts and Belted Coats; priced at **$11.50, $15.00, $19.50**

Dresses of Taffeta, Crepe de Chine. These come in the newest spring colors, including the new Green, Gold, Tan and Chartreuse **$15.00** and **$19.50**

New Neckwear for Spring

We are showing a very beautiful assortment of new Collars for Spring Wear. All of the new styles and made of plain Organdie, Crepe de Chine and Pongee. Included in these is the new Pongee Sport Collar; Priced ..... **25¢, 50¢, 69¢** and **98¢**

Don't fail to visit our Silk Department and see the new Silks we are showing.

J. H. Rehder & Co.
THE POPULAR DEPARTMENT STORE
615, 617, 619 NORTH FOURTH STREET

We refund car fare on purchases of $2.00 or over.

THIS WOMAN TOLD TO CHOOSE

Between Operation and Death. Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.



Des Moines, Iowa.—"My husband says I would have been in my grave today had it not been for Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I suffered from a serious female trouble and the doctors said I could not live one year without an operation. My husband objected to the operation and got me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I soon commenced to get better and am now well and able to do my own housework. I can recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to any woman as a wonderful health restorer."—Mrs. BLANCHE JEFFERSON, 703 Lyon St., Des Moines.

This famous remedy, the medicine ingredients of which are derived from highly prized roots and herbs, has for forty years proved its value in such cases. Women everywhere bear willing testimony to the wonderful virtue of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegtable Compound

Report of the Condition of THE HOME SAVINGS BANK,

at Wilmington, in the State of North Carolina, at the close of business, March 5th, 1917.

RESOURCES:

Loans and discounts	$260,886.76
All other Stocks, Bonds and Mortgages	10,000.00
Furniture and Fixtures	4,144.59
Demand loans	59,390.25
Due from National Banks	11,140.26
Due from State Banks and Bankers	881.22
Gold Coin	565.00
Silver coin, including all minor coin currency	1,192.47
National bank notes and other U. S. Notes	14,061.00
Total	$362,261.55

LIABILITIES:

Capital stock paid in	$50,000.00
Undivided profits, less current expenses and taxes paid	5,652.52
Demand Certificates of Deposit	77,786.06
Savings Deposits	227,887.00
Cashier's Checks outstanding	1,241.97
Total	$362,261.55

State of North Carolina, County of New Hanover.:

I, J. F. Roache, Cashier of the abovenamed bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. F. ROACHE, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 15th day of March, 1917.

J. V. GRAINGER, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
W. E. PERDEW,
C. VAN LEUVEN,
THOMAS L. VINES,
Directors.

Hart Schaffner & Marx styles for spring are here

YOU'LL be glad to hear it; most men look forward to this event with keen interest. Here are some of the good things you'll see at this store.

The styles—the famous Varsity Fifty Five designs for young men and men who like young style. New belt-backs, pinch-backs.

The fabrics—all-wool; worsteds finished nad unfinished; flannels; serges; homespuns; Dixie weaves.

The colors: grays, greens, blues and browns—any number of new ideas you haven't seen before.

The A. David Company

The home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx clothes. Manhattan Shirts, and Stetson Hats.

STATEMENT CONDITION

THE MURCHISON NATIONAL BANK

of Wilmington, N. C.
At the Close of Business, March 5th, 1917

RESOURCES:		LIABILITIES:	
Loans and Discounts	$ 5,345,743.25	Capital Stock	$ 1,000,000.00
U. S. Bonds (at par)	627,500.00	Surplus and Net Profits	730,702.33
Bank Building	475,000.00	Circulation	568,400.00
Bonds and other Securities	330,200.00	Special Deposit bonds	15,000.00
Liquidation Account Southern National Bank	11,383.42	Acceptances	699,556.87
Customers' Liability Acceptances	699,556.87	Re-Discounts	141,550.73
Cash and Due by Banks	2,130,258.00	Deposits	6,514,431.61
	$9,669,641.54		$9,669,641.54

DEPOSITS

March 5th, 1915	$4,863,550.80
March 5th, 1916	5,895,791.42
March 5th, 1917	6,514,431.61

DRESSED POULTRY

The Quality, The Article, The Price, The Best, Always to be Had at

DAVIS & HINTZE

PHONES: 48-49-50. FRONT STREET MARKET

NO EMBARGO DECLARED YET BY THE COAST LINE

President Kenly and Other Higher Officials Out of City.

Railroad Employes Effected by Strike Order Deny Having Received Orders From Headquarters of Their Organizations.

No embargo on freight consignments had been made by the Atlantic Coast Line last night as a result of the threatened strike of the railroad brotherhoods, although it is not improbable that some action along this line may be taken today. The news received here through press dispatches of the calling of a general strike, beginning Saturday night, created a profound sensation.

At the general offices of the Atlantic Coast Line yesterday afternoon everything was moving along serenely but officials awaited with greatest interest receipt of news from the conference then in progress in New York. President J. R. Kenly, of the Coast Line, was understood to be in Washington, while Vice President Lyman Delano and General Manager P. R. Albright were in New York at the conference. Other officials were busy with the details of their departments and if any preparations were being made for a strike there was no evidence of it.

The greatest interest was manifested by railroad officials in the press dispatches and no less by shippers. It was realized that should the strike be called that an embargo would be a necessity. The tieing up of business caused serious apprehension among business men, but most of them seemed to be more concerned with the possible effects upon the country in view of the grave international complications.

The European war was completely overshadowed by the railroad situation and not even the abdication of the Czar of Russia caused any great concern. Interest was focussed on the railroad crisis and hundreds of people read the bulletins in front of The Star office with grave concern while scores of others called over the telephone to learn of the latest developments.

While local trainmen were inclined to say little or nothing about the situation outside of their own circles, casual conversation brought out the fact that a majority of them are firm in the belief that they have not been treated fairly about the eight-hour law.

When the strike was called last summer, they say that the trainmen called off their proposed action, believing that they could rely on the promises made to them that the Supreme Court would make the Adamson law legal. Now they contend that the matter has been delayed and side-tracked so often that they see little hope of its being settled on the strength of the promises made them last summer and that now is the time to strike another blow that will bring the matter to a final decision.

In brief, the prevailing opinion of the trainmen in Wilmington, as gained from conversations with unofficial members of the brotherhoods, is that they have been side-tracked after being "duped" into calling off their proposed strike last summer by promises of ultimate action by the United States Supreme Court.

None of them would admit having any orders to go on a strike, when seen yesterday afternoon. However, in view of the fact that a general strike order was issued at 6:15 o'clock last night it is improbable that any orders were sent out previous to that time. It is the general opinion in local trainmen circles that the members of the brotherhoods will stand by the organization practically to the man.

FISK JUBILEE SINGERS PLEASED LARGE AUDIENCE LAST NIGHT

Noted Colored Quartette Were Attraction at Academy of Music.

Before an audience composed of white and colored that filled the Academy of Music to its capacity, the famous Fisk University Jubilee Singers gave a delightful entertainment of songs and readings last night for the benefit of the clinic for colored children of the city.

The singers captured their audience from the start and there was not a dull moment in the entire evening's entertainment. Included on their repertoire were folk songs, religious selections, and such sentimental favorites as "Old Black Joe". The readings, "The Banjo Song," from Paul Lawrence Dunbar, and "In the Mawnin'," rendered by James Myers, were especially good. Each of the selections was greeted by applause and many were encored.

The company is composed of Rev. James Myers, his wife, Henrietta Crowley Myers, Jennie Hicks LeNoir and T. Foster.

JOHN BRADLEY'S FUNERAL

Another Respected Colored Wilmington Citizen Passed Away This Week

The funeral of John Bradley, another one of Wilmington's respected colored citizens, who passed away Tuesday, was conducted yesterday afternoon from St. Stephen's A. M. E. church. He stood among the high ranks in two prominent colored fraternal orders—the Masons and Odd Fellows. He was a tinner and plumber by trade.

During the days of the volunteer fire department in Wilmington he was captain of the Phoenix fire company and before assuming this office was foreman of the old Dreadnaught fire company.

FUNERAL OF MR. HEWLETT.

Aged Citizen Laid to Rest With Masonic Honors.

Funeral services over the remains of Mr. James A. Hewlett, who died suddenly at his residence on Greenville Sound Tuesday night, were conducted from the residence at 4 o'clock Wednesday afternoon by Rev. J. A. Sullivan, pastor of Calvary Baptist church. Interment was made at Masonboro cemetery with Masonic honors. The following acted as pall-bearers: Messrs. R. H. Brady, W. P. McGlaughon, L. W. Moore, R. C. Fergus, J. O. Wortman and E. Y. Davis.

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days
Druggists refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. First application gives relief. 50c.

SPECIAL EXERCISES SUNDAY

Twenty-Fifth Anniversary of St. Matthew's Lutheran Church Will Be Observed Appropriately

The 25th anniversary of the founding of St. Matthew's English Lutheran church will be observed with appropriate exercises, beginning Sunday and extending through Tuesday of next week. The anniversary sermon will be preached Sunday morning by Rev. J. C. Seegers, D.D., professor in the Lutheran Theological Seminary at Columbia, S. C., who will also preach on Sunday night.

Rev. F. B. Clausen, pastor of St. Paul's Lutheran church, and his congregation will worship with the St. Matthew's congregation on Suuday night. The greetings of this church will be brought by Mr. Clausen. A special musical programme will be rendered Sunday night by the joint choirs of St. Matthew's and St. Paul's churches.

On Tuesday night greetings will be brought by the various church organizations and on Tuesday night a reception will be held. Committees were appointed several weeks ago to arrange the details of the celebration and they have been busy during the present week completing all arrangements for making it a big success.

During the 25 years of its history, St. Matthew's has rendered a great service to the city and the Lutheran denomination. Its present pastor, Rev G. W. McClanahan, has been very successful in his work for the upbuilding of the church.

MORE ATTRACTIVE PLACES OPEN WITH UNCLE SAM

Government Needs Men Both Trained and Untrained—Good Pay.

No able bodied young man in the country need be out of employment if the "help wanted" calls of the United States government are to be used as a criterion of the number of attractive positions open to young men who are properly qualified to fill them. Even if a person is not eligible for some of the technical positions that are to be filled by competitive examinations during the coming month, then Uncle Sam needs hosts of workmen at the various arsenals and navy yards throughout the country.

On the latter list are included boilermakers, electricians, machinists, machine operators, riveters and many other classes of skilled laborers. For these positions no educational examinations will be given, the applicants being rated on their experience and evidence of their physical ability.

Examinations for the positions requiring educational examinations and competitive tests will be held on April 4, 3, 10, 18 and 19. Complete information can be secured from the Civil Service Commission in Washington concerning any of these examinations or from the Wilmington postoffice.

A list of competitive examinations together with their remuneration and date of examination are as follows: April 3, pilot, male only, $125 a month; April 4, junior petroleum engineer, male only, $1,200 to $1,500; electrician's helper male only, $720; April 10, pathologist in charge of forage crop disease, male only, $1,800 to $2,000; mechanical draftsman, Navy Department, male only, $3.52 to $6 a day; April 18, assistant photographer, reclamation service, male only, $1,020; April 18-19, assistant chemist in forest products, male only, $900 to $1,500.

DR. ALPHONSO SMITH GIVING SPRUNT LECTURES THIS WEEK

Distinguished University Professor at Union Theological Seminary.

Beginning Wednesday and continuing for ten successive nights, Dr. Charles Alphonso Smith, Edgar Allan Poe professor of English at the University of Virginia, is delivering the 1917 series of Sprunt lectures at the Union Theological Seminary in Richmond, Va., according to yesterday's Richmond Times-Dispatch. The general subject will be "Keynote Studies in Keynote Books."

Each night, according to the plan of the series, Dr. Smith will discuss a single book of the Bible. As a reverent student of Scripture and an authority on literary form, he will endeavor to discover the keynote of the book. The lectures will be published later in a single volume under the imprimatur of the seminary.

Among those who have delivered lectures on the Sprunt foundation are Rev. David James Burrell, D. D., and Rev. A. F. Schauffler, D. D., of New York City; Rev. James Stalker, D. D., of Aberdeen, Scotland; Sir William Ramsay, of Edinburgh, Scotland, and Rev. Harris E. Kirk, D. D., of Baltimore, Mo.

The lectureship was established by Dr. James Sprunt, of Wilmington. The income is sufficient to secure the most distinguished scholars in all lines of religious thought to deliver original and unpublished matter every year at the Union Theological Seminary.

ELDERS AND DEACONS HOSTS.

Those of First Presbyterian Church Entertain Those of Others.

The elders and deacons of the First Presbyterian church entertained the elders and deacons of the six other Presbyterian churches of the city last night with a banquet in the Chadbourn Memorial Hall. Rev. Dr. J. M. Wells, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, presided as toastmaster and interesting and instructive talks along the lines of church work were made by Rev. A. J. Howell, Rev. Dr. A. D. McClure, Rev. T. P. Allen, Rev. J. S. Crowley, Rev. H. W. Koelling, and Dr. Wells. There were some 100 elders and deacons present.

FUNERAL OF CHILD.

Little Alice Burton Crockett Laid to Rest at Oakdale.

Funeral services over the remains of little Alice Burton Crockett, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Crockett, who died at the residence of her parents, No. 413 North Second street, Wednesday evening, were conducted from the residence at 11:30 o'clock yesterday morning by Rev. J. A. Sullivan, pastor of Calvary Baptist church. Interment was made in Oakdale cemetery.

Caught Giant Clam.

A monster clam weighing two pounds was caught at Wrightsville Sound yesterday by a colored fisherman. It was brought to the city, and Mr. C. F. Howell left the big fellow at The Star office where it attracted considerable attention among the members of the staff.

FIRST WOMAN MEMBER OF CONGRESS TO SPEAK

Miss Jeanette Rankin Will Appear on Chautauqua Programme.

Will Make Address in Wilmington and Eight Other N. C. Towns—Other Notable Speakers and Attractions Booked.

Miss Jeanette Rankin, of Montana, the first woman ever elected to Congress, will be one of the speakers at the Chautauqua to be held in Wilmington this spring, according to announcements of the programme made in several of the other towns included with this city in the circuit of the Redpath Bureau.

The coming of the first woman ever elected to the National Congress will be learned with great interest here and, while there are still many people in Wilmington who are not equal suffragists, she will be given a cordial and enthusiastic welcome. While woman speakers on a Chautauqua platform are somewhat of a novelty in this section, those that have appeared here in the past in the interest of equal suffrage have given evidence that they can be fully as eloquent as the men speakers and are always more charming.

Other North Carolina cities which Miss Rankin is to visit will include Durham, Goldsboro, Rocky Mount, Raleigh, Fayetteville, Greensboro, Salisbury, Monroe and Winston-Salem.

In addition to the Montana representative, it is learned that quite a brilliant array of talent of National and international prominence is to be included in the week's attractions at the Chautauqua, which will be given under the auspices of the Young Men's Christian Association.

Among those to appear on the programme is Mr. Harry Fogalman, head of the School of Business Administration in New York City. Miss Marie Mayer, who played the part of Mary Magdaline in the Passion play at Oberammergau in 1910 and Creators's band will be other attractions. Rev. George L. McNutt, the "dinner pail man", who quit the pulpit and went into the shops to learn of the needs of men will speak on the subject of the "relation of labor and capital."

A new feature this year will be choral singing by a chorus trained here by an expert representing the Chautauqua. Patriotic and classic airs will be sung by the chorus before the opening of the regular programme each day.

SENIOR CLASS OF TABOR SCHOOL HAS UNIQUE MOTTO

Programme for Commencement of Columbus County School is Announced

Handsomely engraved invitations have been sent out by the Senior Class of Tabor graded school for the commencement exercises on the evening of Monday, April 9. One of the most striking features of the invitations is the class motto, "Safe on first now score." The motto is printed above a drawing of a baseball diamond with the bases lettered "Learning," "Experience," "Reliability," and "Success." Mr. W. J. Justus is principal of the school.

The graduating exercises for the school will be held on Monday night, April 9, at 8 o'clock and the programme will be as follows:

Prayer.....Rev. A. T. Rogers
Chorus—"Morning Song".....School
Salutatory.Ada Graham, vice-president
Oration.....Willie Wright
Class Poem.....Jessie Purvis
History.....Retha Ward
The Prophetic Future.....Eva Mills
Class Statistics.....Maud Wright
Comic Selection..Edna White, secretary
Farewell to Seniors.....Dewey Bell
Valedictory...Jas. McGougan, president
Solo—"Song of the Soul".....
.....Miss Juanita Newton
Address...Dr. LaPrade, Trinity College
Delivery of Diplomas.....
.....Professor W. J. Justus
Chorus—"A Merry Life".....School

Marshals (Floyd Literary Society)—Dewey Bell (chief), Gaston Bruton, Henry Hickman, Dewey Anderson, Herbert Bruton, Alice Carmichael, Rosabelle Pridgen.

Class colors—Navy blue and old gold.

Class flower—Pink carnation.

Class roll—Ada Graham, secretary; Eva Mills, James McGougan, president; Jessie Purvis, Edna White, vice-president; Maud Wright, Willie Wright, Retha Ward, Gordon Carmichael, Flauda Cox, Flauda Cox (in memoriam).

Marshals—Dewey Bell (chief), Gaston Bruton, Herbert Bruton, Dewey Anderson, Alice Carmichael, Rosabelle Pridgen.

FASHION SHOW CLOSES.

Wilmington's First Annual Joint Display Comes to End.

Wilmington's first annual fashion show and co-operative display of spring styles passed into history last night, having achieved in the three days of its life a success little short of phenomenal. Just three days, but in that time practically the whole of the feminine portion of the city's populace has been supplied with new headgear and draperies with which to dazzle the eyes of her friends and admirers when she joins the Easter throngs.

The show has come to stay and the annual joint display will be a fixture in the city's commercial life in the future. All merchants, both large and small, and all customers, both from the city and from the rural districts, have realized the tremendous advantages to be secured from a co-operative opening.

TWO TYPHOID CASES

Health Department Will Make Strong Effort to Confine Malady.

The local health department has redoubled its efforts to get the upper hand of typhoid, following the reporting of two cases in the city within the past few days. Investigation by the department proved that the two cases in question were of the type commonly known as contact cases. One of the two cases is at Carolina Place while the other is on Second street between Walnut and Red Cross.

Basketball Game Today.

The last basketball game of the season between the Winter Park and Masonboro schools will be played this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock at Winter Park. It promises to be one of the best of the series and a large attendance is expected.

TO REMAIN IN WILMINGTON

Mr. Odis B. Hinnant, City Boys' Work Secretary, Refuses Attractive Offer to go to England.

In order that he may continue his work among the boys in Wilmington, which he has conducted most successfully for the past two years, Mr. Odis E. Hinnant, city boys' work secretary, has refused to accept an offer to go to England to assist in working out a plan of work for the larger Young Men's Christian Associations in that country. He has decided to remain in Wilmington for another year.

Recently Mr. Hinnant received a call from the international committee of the Y. M. C. A., asking him to become a member of a party of eight secretaries to go to England to outline work for associations in that country. He gave the matter serious consideration and it was not until this week that he finally decided to stay in Wilmington.

The work among the boys of Wilmington has made greater progress since Mr. Hinnant has been in Wilmington than that in possibly any other city in the South. An especially notable feature has been the outdoor work. More boys from the local Y. M. C. A. attended summer camps last summer than from all the other associations in the State cobined. The organization of troops of Boy Scouts has been another big feature.

It will be a source of great gratification to those who have been giving such cordial and warm support to Mr. Hinnant in his work to know that he expects to continue his activities. They feel that to lose his services at the present time would be nothing short of a calamity to the boys of the city.

SALE OF CAPE FEAR OIL CO. IS CONFIRMED BY COURT.

Order of Confirmation Was Filed With Clerk Yesterday.

An order confirming the sale of the Cape Fear Oil Co., to the National Oil Co., was filed with Maj. W. N. Harriss, clerk of the Superior Court, yesterday, having been previously signed by Judge W. M. Bond. While the approximate price for the plant and part of the equipment is about $15,000, the total price of the sale will be about $20,000. The company owns considerable property in the form of metal tanks and such that are now in the hands of customers of the company, but which are being gathered in as rapidly as possible.

W. P. Mangum Turner, Esq., who is receiver for the Cape Fear Oil Company, will collect all the book accounts of the concern and close up its affairs as rapidly as possible.

The order of the sale was filed on February 17, and was to be confirmed at the end of 20 days from February 19, provided there were no exceptions to the sale, and it was conducted for the best interest of all the creditors.

Mr. Turner was appointed by Judge Bond as temporary receiver of the company on February 3, and permanent receiver two weeks later. The National Oil Co., is a North Carolina corporation with headquarters in New York. Mr. L. B. Stevenson, of Norfolk, Va., will be manager of the local branch of the concern.

ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATIONS WERE LARGELY ATTENDED

Capt. Thos. D. Meares, Supreme Master of Exchequer, Given Figures

That no fewer than 150,000 persons attended the anniversary exercises recently in observance of the founding of the Knights of Pythias 53 years ago is the interesting information contained in a letter from the Grand Chancellor to Capt. Thos. D. Meares, Supreme Master of the Exchequer, while it is estimated that the attention of no less than 3,500,000 was attracted through the wide publicity given to the meetings through the press. At the anniversary exercises 1,600 men were initiated into the order.

Announcement was also made in the letter to Captain Meares that Rev. F. S. Atwood, of Minneapolis, Minn., one of the lecturers of the Supreme Lodge, will be in Wilmington in May to deliver an address to the members of the local lodges. Mr. Atwood will give a series of 20 lectures during that month in the states of Missouri, Arkansas, Tennessee, Kentucky, North Carolina and Wilmington will be one of his central points.

HIBERNIAN SOCIETY WILL OBSERVE ST. PATRICK'S DAY.

Members Will Attend Divine Services at St. Mary's Pro-Cathedral.

St. Patrick's day will be appropriately observed by the members of the Hibernian Society, of Wilmington, who will attend divine services at St. Mary's Pro-Cathedral, after which the annual meeting of the society will be held. The Hibenians will meet in their hall at 9 o'clock tomorrow morning and accompanied by the Knights of Columbus will march in a body to St. Mary's for the services which will begin at 10 o'clock.

The annual election of officers will take place at the meeting which will be held in Hibernian hall on North Third street immediately after the services at St. Mary's.

CHOIR TO GIVE CONCERT.

Exercises at Calvary Baptist Church Tonight Will be Most Interesting.

A concert by the choir of Calvary Baptist church will be given tonight at the church, beginning at 8 o'clock. The programme will include choruses, male quartette and solo selections, readings, and will close with a spectacular presentation of "The Star Spangled Banner." There will be no charge for admission but an offering will be taken. The public is cordially invited to attend.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following deeds were filed for record yesterday in the office of the register of deeds: Ferdinand J. Duls and wife to John C. Wagner, Jr., for $100 and other considerations, lot on the west side of Front street, 90 feet north of Dock; L. L. Hanby and wife to Sol Sternberger, for $5 and other considerations, lot in the Summer Hill Division.

Rheumatism
is completely washed out of the system by the celebrated S ivar Mineral Water. Positively guaranteed by money-back offer. Tastes fine: costs a rifle. Delivered anywhere by our Wilmington Agents. Elvington's Pharmacy, Cor. 2nd and Princess Sts.

Preparedness In Everyday Life

Preparedness is a personal affair. What others may do matters little—these are the vital questions: "Am I ready for emergency?" "Have I a financial reserve against the unexpected?"

A Savings Account at the People's Savings Bank is the logical solution—a dollar deposited weekly; two dollars; five, or more or less. Any sum is acceptable and we pay 4% interest.

OLD AND STRONG.

THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK
COR. FRONT AND PRINCESS STS.

Statement to the Corporation Commission of the condition of the

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company

Wilmington, N. C., at the close of business on March 5th, 1917.

RESOURCES:		LIABILITIES:	
Loans	$ 2,709,434.28	Capital	$ 100,000.00
North Carolina State Bonds	10,500.00	Surplus	200,000.00
All Other Stocks, Bonds and Mortgages	33,330.43	Undivided Profits	81,567.77
Banking House	50,000.00	Accrued Interest Due Depositors	5,000.00
All Other Real Estate Owned	2,300.00	Building Reserve	49,000.00
Cash	213,251.23	Discounts Unearned	25,000.00
Inverted Trust Funds	91,500.00	Reserved for Dividend April 1st	5,000.00
		Dividends Unpaid	92.50
		Deposits	2,644,655.69
Total	$ 3,110,315.96	Total	$ 3,110,315.96

I, Jno. Lewis Williams, Cashier of the Wilmington Savings & Trust Company, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. JNO. LEWIS WILLIAMS.

State of North Carolina. Correct Attest:
County of New Hanover. N. B. RANKIN,
Sworn to and subscribed before me this 10th day of March, A. D., 1917. J. V. GRAINGER,
C. S. GRAINGER, Notary Public. JNO. D. BELLAMY, JR.
Directors.

TO CHOOSE DEBATERS.

First High School Preliminary This Afternoon.

The first preliminary to select speakers to represent the Wilmington High School in the preliminary triangular debate with Lumberton and Goldsboro next month will be held in the High School auditorium at 1 o'clock this afternoon. The subject to be debated is: "Resolved, That the Federal government should own and operate all railroads." The affirmative side of the question will be presented by Miss Marie Bonitz, Miss Eleanora Schuster, and Mr. Robert James, while the negative will be upheld by Miss Lydia Penton and Messrs. Stuart Cover and Owen Martin. The affirmative speakers will be from the Bradley Literary Society while the negative will be represented by members of the Tileston Society. Preliminaries for the other team will be held later.

Building Permits Granted.

Building Inspector Charles Schnibben has recently issued permits to Mr. L. W. Moore for the erection of three bungalows at Carolina Place to cost $2,000 each, and to Mr. Ed Peschau for a bungalow in the same locality at a like cost. Other permits include those granted to Mr. Kensey Hobbs for an $1,300 residence at 16th and Dock streets and to Mr. T. H. Wright for a $10,000 residence at 16th and Chestnut streets.

WITH THE RECORDER

Case Against John Wolfe Nol Prossed Yesterday Morning.

The case charging John Wolfe, a young white man, with reckless driving in connection with the running down of Mr. J. T. Runge on Second street several days ago, was nol prossed by Recorder George Harriss at yesterdays' session of the Recorder's court.

Fred Smith, colored, charged with an assault with a deadly weapon, was discharged. These two cases together with one drunk and two violators of the driving ordinances composed the array of defendants for the day.



For Sale by
Elvington's Drug Store, Wilmington, N.C.
Ahrens Bros., Wilmington, N. C.
Freeman Supply Co. Freeman, N. C.
J. K. Council Wananish, N. C.
AND ALL GOOD DEALERS.

LAND PLASTER

Send us your orders for immediate shipment and avoid trouble later in getting your supply.

Love & Woody
Wholesale Grocers
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Friday--Saturday--Specials

Climb higher into prominence. Our sales for each Friday and Saturday is larger than the last—Surely those who come for these specials appreciate the wonderful values offered. You come this time.

LIGHT CALICOES AT 5c.

Light colored calicoes, 24 in. wide, mostly white grounds with small black figures or dots, 7 1-2c value, priced Friday and Saturday 5c

12 1-2c Blue Grass Cambric Finished Muslin; full yard wide 9 1-2c

25 and 35c fancy White Voiles, 36 to 40 in. wide; beautiful patterns, at 19c

27 in. Black Waterproof Jap. Silk at .. 48c

Jergen's 10c Bath Soap, cake 8c

Airfloat 10c Talcum, all odors, at 8c

15c Dress Shields, assorted sizes, at ... 10c

25c Baby's Rubber Diapers at 19c

Misses' and Boys' Ribbed Black Hose, all sizes, 15c kind at 10c

25c to 50c Baby Caps, slightly soiled, at 10c

$6.00 TO $6.50 SILK SKIRTS $4.98

Made either in plain or fancy sport striped Taffeta, worth $6.50; special Friday and Saturday at $4.98

$7.50 Silk Poplin Dresses, all colors, $4.98

Ladies' 65 to 75c Ribbed Gauze Union Suits, at 48c

Men's 35c Open Mesh Underwear at .. 23c

Men's 65 to 75c Soft Collar Shirts; only a few sizes at 48c

Men's $1.25 Indigo Blue Overalls at .. 98c

4 1-4x4 1-2 Linoleum Art Squares at .. 98c

6x12 Linoleum Art Squares $3.95

27x54 Japanese Art Rugs at 25c

Ladies' $2.50 Patent Leather Pumps, low or high heels, sizes 2 1-2 to 8, at .. $1.98

Ladies' $2.00 Patent Leather High Heel Pumps, all sizes, at $1.69

Belk-Williams Co.

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Mrs. D. E. Dixon and little son, Quintin, are visiting relatives in Parkersburg.

* * *

Mrs. August Meyland, who has been spending some time in Philadelphia, has returned home.

* * *

Miss Mattie Lanier, of Greensboro, who has been undergoing treatment in a local hospital, is able to return to her home.

* * *

Miss Dollie Strange, who has been visiting friends in the city, has returned to her home in Newport News, Va.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. N. J. Watkins and little daughter, Virgie, have returned to the city from a pleasant visit to relatives at Wake Forest.

* * *

Yesterday's Raleigh News and Observer: "Miss Clara Sharpe, of Wilmington, arrived in the city yesterday for a visit of several days with relatives."

* * *

Little Miss Frances Jones celebrated her eleventh birthday with a party at her home on Princess street Wednesday evening. Quite a number of her little friends were present and enjoyed the delightful affair to the utmost.

* * *

The Carolina Place Missionary Circle of the First Baptist church will meet with Mrs. D. H. Wilcox, on Wrightsville avenue, this afternoon at 4 o'clock. All members are urged to be present and friends are invited.

* * *

Miss Nettie Fleming, of the High School faculty, who was called to her home at Greensboro a few days ago on account of the serious illness of her father, Mr. Robert A. Fleming, has returned to the city. Her many friends will be glad to know that her father is improving.

* * *

The class in signalling will be held this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock at No. 118 South Fourth street. Although the coast guard cutter Seminole is out of the city, and Lieutenant Smith, who has been conducting the classes, will be unable to attend, the more experienced members of the class will aid in instructing the beginners.

* * *

The Ladies' Society of Bethany Presbyterian church will hold its regular monthly meeting this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock, in the Lineker building. In addition to the regular programme there will be an election of officers for the ensuing year, and the meeting will be followed by a social hour. All members of the society and congregation are urged to attend.

* * *

The Epworth League of Bladen Street Methodist church will hold its regular weekly meeting this evening at 8 o'clock. An interesting programme has been arranged, giving prominence to the literary and social features of the League's work. All members are urged to be present, and the public is cordially invited to attend. A hearty welcome will be extended to all.

* * *

MRS. MEREDITH ENTERTAINS AT HOME AT WINTER PARK

Mrs. H. S. Meredith gave a delightful miscellaneous linen shower on Wednesday evening at her home at Winter Park in honor of Miss Custys Meredith, who is to be married soon to Mr. J. H. Hightower, of Raleigh. The home was beautifully decorated, the color scheme being green and white. There were 35 guests present and they spent the evening most pleasantly playing games.

An enjoyable feature was a contest in which Mrs. A. S. Holden won the prize, while the booby went to Miss Anita Riley. Delicious refreshments consisting of ice cream and cake were served by the charming hostess.

* * *

INTERESTING PROGRAMME IS ARRANGED FOR MEETING.

The Junior Christian Endeavor Society of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church will give a Japanese tea and entertainment in the Memorial Hall this afternoon from 4 to 6 o'clock. A free will offering will be taken for missions. Candy will be on sale. All parents and friends of the Juniors are invited to be present. The following programme has been arranged.

Chorus—"Slumber Song," Junior choir.
Reading—Selected, Dorothy Boone.
Violin Solo—"Callotta." Hancammon.
Reading—"A Dreadful Mistake", Mary T. Stewart.
Japanese Song—Elizabeth Ellis and Lorena Badon in costume.
Dance—Six children in costume.
Reading—Selected, Alex. Boone.
Reading—"Suppose," Elizabeth Stewart.
"Papoose" Song—Marion Bruff in costume.

* * *

Warsaw, N. C., March 15.—The Red Rose Circle of the Ladies' Aid Society of the Baptist church Invite you to be present at the marriage of Miss Marjorie Newbury to Master J. C. Robinson, Jr. At the school auditorium on Friday evening March twenty-third, at eight o'clock

The bride is the attractive six-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Newbury. The groom is the handsome seven-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Robinson. This ceremony will furnish amusement and entertainment to a large circle of friends of the contracting parties for a small admission fee. Reception immediately after the ceremony when delicious refreshments will be served by the Red Rose Circle for the benefit of the Ladies' Aid Society of the Baptist church.)

* * *

OLD WAR SONGS TO FEATURE UNIQUE MUSICAL PROGRAMME

In the issue of The Star of March 8, there was a communication signed, "Veteran," in which the writer appeals for more familiarity with the songs of '61-'65. That suggestion was considered so good that it is being followed up and a very unique and attractive musicale is being arranged for the evening of March 26 in which some of the more popular "Songs of the Sixties" will be rendered by Wilmington artists, who will add to the attractiveness of the programme by wearing costumes of that period.

The musicale will be given in the Chadbourn building of the Winter Park Presbyterian church. The details of the very interesting programme will appear later in the columns of The Star.

To Avoid Dandruff

You do not want a slow treatment for itching scalp when hair is falling and the dandruff germ is killing the hair roots. Delay means—no hair.

Get, at any drug store, a bottle of zemo for 25c or $1.00 for extra large size. Use as directed, for it does the work quickly. It kills the dandruff germ, nourishes the hair roots and immediately stops itching scalp. It is a pure, reliable, antiseptic liquid, is not greasy, is easy to use and will not stain. Soaps and shampoos are harmful, as they contain alkali. The best thing to use for scalp irritations is zemo, for it is safe and also inexpensive.

The E. W. Rose Co., Cleveland, O.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

—Among the arrivals at the Wilmington yesterday were: A. L. Wood, Greensboro; George W. Crawford, Greensboro; J. D. Ball, Charlotte; A. P. Spell, Red Springs.

—The many friends of Mr. H. L. Fentress, who has been quite ill at his home, No. 409 North Second street, will be glad to know that he is much improved and hopes to be able to be out again soon.

—Among the arrivals at the Orton yesterday were: J. W. Hamilton, Monroe; H. I. DePass, Greensboro; H. B. Taylor, Wallace; J. H. Harkey, Greensboro; J. W. Smith, Elkton; A. F. Benjamin, Southport; F. B. Gault, Lake Waccamaw; A. O. Clement, Goldsboro.

—Mr. W. Edwin Peregoy, for many years a resident of Wilmington, where he has a host of friends, is in the city in the interest of the R. B. Homer Lumber Company, of Baltimore. Mr. Peregoy is a guest at the Orton and will be here for a few days on business.

GOVERNOR BICKETT SELECTS OFFICIALS OF STATE PRISON.

Recommends J. R. Collie for Superintendent; McCulloch Chief Clerk.

Raleigh, N. C., March 15.—Governor Bickett today recommended to the State Prison Board the appointement of the following officials: For superintendent of prison, J. R. Collie, of Louisburg; chief clerk, E. F. McCulloch, of White Oak; warden, S. J. Busbee, of Raleigh; physicians to the prison and the department for the criminal insane, Drs. Carl W. Bell and C. E. Judd, of Raleigh; superintendents of the two prison farms in Halifax county, Capt. C. N. Christian and Capt. C. J. Rhem; physician to the State farms, Dr. F. M. Register, of Halifax.

AWARDS MADE BY NAVY FOR GREAT BUILDING PROGRAM

(Continued From Page One)

be finished at the earliest possible moment which it is physically possible to complete them under existing conditions. These immense ships are the largest and most expensive ever built in this country or in the world."

Sizes of the Cruisers.

The chief characteristics of the scout cruisers are as follows: Displacement, 7,100 tons; speed 35 knots; length 550 feet; beam 55 feet; armament, eight 6-inch guns; four torpedo tubes and two 3-inch anti- aircraft guns; complement 330.

The battle cruisers will have the following main characteristic: Displacement, 34,800 tons; speed 35 knots an hour; length 850 feet; beam 91 feet; armament 10 14-inch guns; eight torpedo tubes; 18 5-inch guns, 4 3-inch anti-aircraft guns and other guns of lesser calibre.

A new feature of both classes of vessel never before incorporated in any ship of a powerful military type, will be their complete equipment for carrying, launching, and operating the largest size hydroplane.

EXTENSIVE IMPROVEMENTS FOR NEWPORT NEWS PLANT

Newport News, Va., March 15.—Two and a half million dollars in improvements will be spent at once by the Newport News Shipbuilding & Dry Dock Company, officials stated tonight following announcement that the yard had been awarded contracts for two battle cruisers.

The improvements will include two new shipways, new machine shops and the enlarging of some of the present shops. The shipways, to be the largest in the world, will cost approximately $600,000 each.

HE CAPTURED BAGDAD.



General Maude, Commander of British forces on the Tigris, who captured Bagdad and achieved the greatest British victory of the year.
(Copyright Underwood & Underwood.)

TENDERS USE OF THE HOSPITAL TO RED CROSS

Can Use It as Quarters for Making Hospital Supplies.

Surgeon General Rupert Blue Writes Mrs. Cuthbert Martin, President of Wilmington Chapter, About the Work Here.

Use of a room in the United States Marine Hospital in Wilmington, which has been temporarily closed, has been tendered the local chapter of the American Red Cross Society for use in assembling and packing hospital supplies, by Surgeon General Rupert Blue in a letter to Mrs. Cuthbert Martin, president of the Wilmington Red Cross.

Mrs. Martin stated last night that the local chapter would gladly avail themselves of this opportunity to secure a place for carrying on the work of preparing hospital supplies for use in helping this country to prepare for war.

While the Marine Hospital has been temporarily closed, Surgeon General Blue points out that it can be opened at any time the military authorities may decide that a hospital is needed at this port.

The local Red Cross has been active for the past two years in making hospital supplies and these have been placed at the disposal of the National Red Cross for such use as is considered best. They now have a box of supplies on hand to which reference is made in Surgeon General Blue's letter.

Following is a copy of Dr. Blue's letter to Mrs. Martin:

"Mrs. Cuthbert Martin, 420 South Front Street, Wilmington, N. C.

"Dear Madam:—I desire to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 9th instant, telling me of the splendid work the ladies of Wilmington are doing in helping to prepare this country for war and of the great assistance you have rendered the Red Cross in its efforts to obtain hospital and other supplies. I have referred your letter to Miss Mabel T. Boardman, of the American National Red Cross, Washington, D. C., in order that she may inform you as to what disposition should be made of the box of hospital supplies you now have on hand.

"The Marine hospital at Wilmington is temporarily closed, but it can be opened at any time should the military authorities decide that a hospital is needed at that port for the treatment of the sick and wounded. However, this bureau shall be glad to temporarily assign a room in this hospital for your use in assembling and packing hospital supplies, and you are requested to inform me if you desire that such an arrangement be made and I will direct Acting Assistant Surgeon John C. Wessell to permit you to use a room in the hospital for that purpose.

"Respectfully,
"RUPERT BLUE,
"Surgeon General."

HOW TO HELP WILMINGTON

Executive Committee and Committee Chairmen of Chamber of Commerce Have Informal Conference

How to be of service to Wilmington was the subject of an informal conference of the executive committee and the chairmen of the more important committees of the Chamber of Commerce at an informal conference last night. Various questions were taken up and discussed in some detail at the conference, which lasted for several hours.

One of the matters receiving attention was the appointment of a special committee composed of Messrs. E. A. Metts, chairman, E. P. Bailey and E. T. Taylor, to co-operate with other organizations in the city in arranging a big welcome for the Wilmington members of the National Guard when they return from the Mexican border next week.

Arrangements for the State-wide Live Stock Exposition and Conference are progressing very saisfactorily, Mr. Hugh MacRae, chairman of the agricultural committee, reported to the meeting. He urged the hearty co-operation of those present in helping to make it one of the most successful events ever held in Wilmington.

While traffic conditions were discussed, no further steps were taken towards establishings a traffic bureau, which was authorized by the Chamber last year. Improvement of railroad schedules was not taken up at the meeting.

DR. CARY T. GRAYSON IS CONFIRMED AS REAR ADMIRAL

Washington, March 15.—Dr. Cary T. Grayson, President Wilson's friend and naval aide, was confirmed by the Senate today as medical director and rear admiral in the navy after a long fight against him by Republican senators. The vote was 37 to 26 on strict party lines.

Britt-Weaver Hearing Continues

Asheville, N. C., March 15.—Hearing of the Weaver-Britt contest case in Transylvania county came to an end at Brevard today without much of any importance being adduced at the hearing. D. L. English, special commissioner, presided at the sessions, which were held yesterday and today. Several times attorneys for Mr. Britt appeared to be uncovering sensation, but in each instance, the cross examination of Mr. Weaver's representatives changed the aspect of the case.

"Adopting" Belgian Babies.

Asheville, N. C., March 15.—Dr. Geo. T. Winston, promoting the "adoption" of Belgian babies, by contributing to their support $1 a month, is meeting with the most flattering success. Already funds have been assured for the feeding of thirty-eight babies at the rate of a dollar a month, and Dr. Winston hopes to see the number grow to fifty before the end of the week.

RUSSIAN REVOLUTION TOOK DEFINITE SHAPE ON LAST SUNDAY

(Continued From Page One)

streets, which were patrolled by automobiles packed with soldiers and students and were wildly cheered by the people.

BODY OF MOSES BEST IS FOUND IN A SWAMP

One of Negroes Charged With the Holding Up of Wayne Farmer.

Was Evidently Killed by Posse—Joe Smith, Alleged Highwayman, Wounded, Carried to Raleigh For Safe Keeping

(Special Star Telegram).

Goldsboro, N. C., March 15.—Today a searching party discovered the dead body of Moses Best in Nahunta swamp, death resulting from a wound in the small of the back. Best was one of two negroes who attempted to hold up John W. Howell, a prominent farmer of this county, Monday on the highway near Salem church, as he and a negro hand on his farm were on their way home in his wagon from marketing cotton in the city. Mr. Howell was wounded by a pistol shot by one of the negroes.

Neighborhood posses were quickly formed and such hot pursuit given the highwaymen that both were rounded up within a few hours and chased in Nahunta swamp and were fired on as they ran.

So persistent was the search for the alleged culprits that one of them, Joe Smith, was captured. He gave the name of the other as Moses Best, of this city, who, Smith said, had been seriously wounded and was somewhere in the swamp and unable to go.

Joe Smith claimed that Best was the one who shot Mr. Howell, but yesterday Mr. Howell and his negro hand both identified Smith as the one who fired the shot, and Sheriff Edwards, in consequence, fearing an attempt at lynching, started late yesterday evening to have Smith conveyed by automobile to Raleigh for safe keeping in the penitentiary. Just as the officers were escorting him from the jail to the automobile he made a break for liberty and in the chase was wounded. He was captured several squares away on Walnut street east and hurried on to Raleigh.

BANK OF SOUTHPORT PROSPERS

Earned 14 Per Cent Past Year—A. K. Goldfinch Elected Cashier.

(Special Star Correspondence).

Southport, N. C., March 15.—The adjourned meeting from February of the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Bank of Southport, was held in the rooms of the bank last night. Auditor J. H. Marsh, who had been employed to go over the entire affairs of the bank, made an exhaustive report showing it to be in excellent condition.

The stockholders in their session elected the following board of directors for the ensuing year: John W. Brooks, W. B. Cooper, T. E. Cooper, of Wilmington; G. H. Gray, A. J. Robbins, D. O. Daniel, A. K. Goldfinch, L. J. Pepper, of Southport; J. E. Robinson, of Shallotte.

At the directors' meeting, held immediately after their election, a dividend of 3 per cent. was declared payable upon the capital stock of the bank, this to be paid out of the 14 per cent. that the report showed had been earned last year, the balance of the earnings to go to the account of undivided profits. The directors also elected the following officers for the ensuing year: President, T. E. Cooper; vice-president, J. W. Brooks; cashier, A. K. Goldfinch.



HAIR DRESSING
SHAMPOOING
SCALP TREATMENT
FACIAL MASSAGE
MANICURING BY

An Expert Operator

From Washington, D. C.

Every Privacy is Afforded the Patrons of Our Shop.

French Millinery

Garrell Bldg. Princess St.

What is your Favorite Food?



Sold in 1, 2 and 5 lb. cartons packed at the refinery



Sold in 2, 5, 10, 25 and 50 lb. cotton bags, refinery packed

Something sweet, isn't it? Why? Your body *craves* sweets because your system *needs* sugar to furnish energy and heat.

Sugar is the most quickly digested of foods. 98.9% of it is converted into fuel for the body. The human machine, like all others, runs upon its fuel.

FRANKLIN GRANULATED SUGAR

is the best of all sugars, the cleanest, most highly refined, driest sugar.

"A Franklin Sugar for every use"

Granulated, Dainty Lumps, Powdered, Confectioners, Brown

Fresh Shipment

PAGE AND SHAW

CANDY

Just Received

"The Candy of Excellence"

Mission Pharmacy

5 NORTH FRONT ST.
Phone 799.

"A TRIAL IS ALL WE ASK."

The Store That Sells Wooltex

SOCKS for Little Boys and Girls

Silk, Fibre and Lisle Socks—Colors: White, black, medium blue, navy and tan; sizes 4 to 9 1-2; prices, **25** and **35c** a pair.

LITTLE GIRLS' PARASOLS

Attractive Designs in a wide range of prices.

CHILDREN'S HANDKERCHIEFS

Linen or Cotton with Easter design, embroidered in corner, **10** and **15c**.

A. D. BROWN

HONNET SPRINGTIME

Especially attractive important pieces

GORHAM STERLING

Are exhibited now, subject to reservation for approaching events

HONNET

Conservative Progress

Quit Experimenting!!!

Put your grocery account in the hands of those who can offer you the best of everything—

PRICE. — QUALITY — CLEANLINESS

Mountain Buckwheat, Yellow Corn Meal, Cranberries, Edam Cheese.

HALL & ROSS, INC.
LEADING AND LARGEST GROCERS
PHONE 7 & 8 & 140 205 MARKET ST.

TO REACH WILMINGTON ONE WEEK FROM TODAY?

Second Regiment Leaves El Paso at 10 A. M. Tomorrow.

N. C. Boys on Border Mighty Glad to See St. Patrick's Day—Supply Company to Come Here—Division at Florence.

(Special Star Correspondence).

Camp Stewart, El Paso, Texas, March 10.—This is pay day with the North Carolina boys, and we prefer it to the sand storm we are having, for we cannot see the sentry on duty ten feet away, and it has been that way all day.

The Machine Gun company finished their shooting on the range this morning, and Captain Sunkins, of the regulars, said the Second North Carolina Machine Gun company was the best of all. The men know every part of the gun, which has 62 parts, and can take it to pieces and put it together blindfolded. It is the Lewis gun, weighs 25 1-4 pounds and shoots 580 times to the minute. The company has four guns and five Ford motor cars.

This is our last week in Texas and we will be glad to see St. Patrick's day come, when we leave at 10 a. m. over the Southern Pacific for New Orleans. I would like to see the regiment as a whole go to Wilmington, but the officers have decided that Florence, S. C., is to be our distributing point. Nevertheless, Colonel Metts and staff, also the Supply company, will be mustered out of the Federal service in Wilmington, while the other companies will be mustered out at their home stations. The company of engineers will also be going home and two troops of cavalry, one to Asheville and the other to Lincolnton.

Texas will miss us when we are gone, and as the men are in quarantine until the 14th, it looks like Sunday every day in El Paso, and the merchants, cafes and saloons are crying "Turn the boys out." They are looking for the eagle.

The officers of the brigade are giving a dance Tuesday night at the Tattle club. The people of El Paso are very fond of the Tar Heels and they hate to see them go home.

The North Carolina boys made an elegant showing in the division parade of 26,000 men and when passing the reviewing stand, the band playing Dixie, every one shouted: "Hurrah for North Carolina!"

You may look for your sons, husbands and fathers about the 23rd. If you do not hear from me, phone Mr. Clark, 160, A. C. L., and ask him when will the military train be in. W. P. M.

R. O. EVERETT PRESIDENT OF STATE FAIR; SUCCEEDS TUFTS.

Pinehurst Man Resigned—Woman's Building to be Erected.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., March 15.—The directors of the North Carolina State Fair, in special session today, elected R. O. Everett, of Durham, as the president to succeed Leonard Tufts, of Pinehurst, who has been obliged to resign the second term to which he was elected. Mr. Everett will accept and the fair management is preparing for considerable improvements.

The fair grounds will be considerably enlarged and bonds will be issued for the erection of a new $10,000 building to be known as the Woman's Building. Mr. Everett was the chief marshal for the 1915 State Fair and scored a marked success in these official duties.

Let the Audubon Nursery do that spring planting for you. A phone message or a postal will bring their representative to your door. Phone 258-1 and 28; P. O. address Box 731.—Adv.

FRECKLES

March Brings Out Unsightly Spots. How to Remove Easily.

The woman with tender skin dreads March because it is likely to cover her face with ugly freckles. No matter how thick her veil, the sun and winds have a strong tendency to make her freckle.

Fortunately for her peace of mind, the prescription, othine — double strength, makes it possible for even those most susceptible to freckles to keep their skin clear and white. No matter how stubborn a case of freckles you have, the double strength othine should remove them.

Get an ounce from your druggist and banish the freckles. Money back if it fails.

FINE REPORTS ARE RECEIVED

Sessions of Wilmington District Conference of A. M. E. Church Continue to Grow in Interest.

(By GEO. F. KING.)

The sessions of the Wilmington district conference of the North Carolina Conference of the African Methodist Episcopal church convening in St. John's A. M. E. church, this city, continue to grow in interest. All of the churches in the district concluded their reports at the sessions held yesterday. St. Stephen's A. M. E. church, this city, which has gained a nation-wide reputation under the administration of its present pastor, Dr. A. J. Wilson, made a remarkable report.

The report showed that the church is admirably reaching the masses of negroes in this section by not appealing to the emotional side of its congregation but has accepted the task to harness these emotions to the extent they have become a helpful factor in making its communicants a force for good in the community. Dr. Wilson evidenced the fact that the negro church should have the ability to utilize helpful institutional features and asserted that the sociological problems of the negro could be largely solved by the church meeting the needs of the young people of his race. The work he is doing in this direction proved to be a "native ideal" for the members of the conference.

One of the main topics of yesterday's session was "What are the People Doing for Missions." Dr. Carnes, who is presiding elder of this district, because of the enthusiasm displayed by the delegates of the conference, has caused a deep awakening on the part of the conference for the cause of missions. Perfect harmony prevails at each session and from present indications this is the best conference this district has ever held.

That the colored ministers of the city are united for the uplift of their race is strikingly emphasized at this meeting. Dr. W. H. Moore, pastor of Shiloh Baptist church, brought greetings from his denomination, and Dr. C. D. Hazel, one of the leading ministers of his denomination and presiding elder of the Wilmington district of the North Carolina Conference of the African Methodist Episcopal Zion denomination, presided at a part of the morning's session yesterday. Among the prominent visitors present were Dr. J. A. Smith, of the New Bern district, and Rev. E. M. Green.

The principal features of this morning's session will be the election of delegates to the next annual conference. Because of his interest as a layman in the general church and being one of the leading laymen of his church, the election of Thomas H. Hooper, of this city, is conceded. The conference will close tonight.

PURITANS WERE EARLY RISERS

Getting Up Bell Rang at 5 in the Morning in Old Boston

(Boston Transcript).

The 9 o'clock bell in the evening was an early observance by the Massachusetts colony of the old English curfew bell. It was rung in Boston previous to 1650 by the town bell ringer, who later had charge of the town clock. A century ago three bells were rung in Boston—at 8 in the morning, 1 in the afternoon and 9 in the evening. Two hundred years ago the hours were 5 in the morning, 11 in the morning and 9 at night. At that date the inhabitants were not so prompt in arising as in the previous century, when the bell was rung at 4:30 by the first bell ringer.

The midday bell was not first runk to call people to their noonday meal in Boston. In 1664, "for the more convenient and expeditious despatch of Marchants affayers or any other relating to strangers and our inhabitants, it is ordered that the bell shall be rung att a 11 of ye clocke every working day to give notis thereof to all persons concerned and that the ringer shall be allowed 12p. per yeare by every person that commonly resort thereunto and that they may assemble in the Rome under the Towne house, for the space of one hower for the ends above expressed."

About 1730 the practice of ringing a bell at 1 was begun, though for some years later requests were made for an 11 o'clock bell at some of the churches, and that practice continued in the last half of the Eighteenth Century. During that century bells were rung between 8 and 9 in the morning on the day of a town meeting. On days of rejoicing bells were rung from 6 to 7 in the morning till noon, and from 3 to 6 in the afternoon. The allowances by the town to sextons for daily ringing were, for one ringing 10 pounds, for two 20 pounds and for three 30 pounds per annum.

The Civil War did more to abolish the observance of Saturday night as the beginning of Sunday, and finished the falling away of the previous 20 years. To the war must also be credited the abandonment of New England farms, started by the more frequent intercourse between town and country by railroads.

J. W. H. FUCHS' DEPARTMENT STORE



WEEK-END SPECIALS

For Friday and Saturday Selling We Have Put on Our Bargain Counters Exceptionally Fine and Attractive Bargains that You Should See and Take Advantage of.

Fine Dimity Checks, worth 20c per yard, for 15c

40-inch Lawn, very sheer, worth 20c per yard, for week-end selling per yard . . .12 1-2c

12 1-2c Voile in stripes and plaids; very pretty colorings and sport stripes; week end selling, per yard 10c



Beautiful Dress Ginghams; fast colors, plaids and stripes 10c

Good quality Apron Gingham, at.. per yard 7c

27-inch Percale, good quality shirting, stripes and figures, per yard 6c

Extra Special Values on our Reduced Counters.

Boys' Blouses, in plain blue, white and stripes; special for week end selling 23c



Shirt Waists, plain white and figured effects, also fancy and sport stripes; specials for week end, each 48c



Black and Tan English Walking Shoes, high lace boots; sizes 2 1-2 to 7; special this week end selling ... ...

Easter Trousseaux IN PREPARATION

by Hester Winthrop



Dainty and Bridelike, this Summer Costume of Flowered Taffeta, Pink Voile and Ribbon-Hat and Parasol Carry out the Effect



Red and White Pussy Willow Silk with Red Embroidery on White Panels and Strappings



Pale Blue French Organdy Trimmed with Silver Galloon



Worth Puts an Apron and Looped Up Skirt with the Conventional Bridal Train this Season



A Dashing Sport Frock in White and Orange worn with Black Pumps and a Knowing Little Black and White Chapeau



This Season's Bride Takes Great Interest In Frocks of Silken Stuff - The Easter Wedding Gown Boasts An Apron, Though Not a Housewifely One-Accessories.

THOUGH the Easter trousseau is not supposed to be ready for inspection until the invitations for the wedding are out and the wedding presents begin to arrive; it is a dilatory bride indeed who has not gathered together—or at least made plans and given orders for—most of her trousseau, by the middle of March. Fashions for the coming spring and summer are pretty well settled by now; dressmakers and tailors are thoroughly advised of new modes and even in the ready-to-wear departments spring and summer are well established. A frock or two, and perhaps the latest thing in hats may be picked up at the last minute from the Easter array flooding the shops in early April, but the bulk of the trousseau will have been secured long before April advances over the horizon. And, of course, the most important item in the trousseau—the bridal gown—will have been arranged for first of all.

Much Lace On Spring Wedding Gowns.

The Easter bridal costume is always more lacy and diaphanous in character than the autumn or winter costume. June wedding gowns are frequently made entirely of lace, chiffon or net; but the Easter wedding is more conventional and formal than the June wedding, which is apt to take place at the country home of the bride's parents, and satin, lace and tulle in the traditional combination are demanded by the church wedding in town. The pictured bridal costume shows the tendency toward youthfulness in the modern wedding gown. The once stately sweep of satin from neck to heel is broken by draperies and flounces and the apron tunic over a yoke and sleeve of sheer fabric is almost coquettish in suggestion. The sweeping train of white satin is supposed to furnish the bridal gown with sufficient dignity—as indeed it does! But with this handsome train removed, the gown pictured can be turned into a dainty dance frock, lace flounced and short enough to make one-stepping and waltz-cantering quite comfortable.

The gown which is one of Worth's most beautiful achievements this season, is of soft but heavy white satin charmeuse—the lovely, shimmering ivory white set apart for the bride's wear. Wide white lace in a delicate French pattern is ruffled around the curving edge of the pleated apron, giving the gown the distended, barrel silhouette at the hips. At either side of the front the skirt is looped up a trifle under clusters of orange blossoms. The train is edged all around with a double quilling of white mousseline which makes a very soft, rich finish—and the plisse mousseline also protects the satin where it drags on the floor. Long sleeves of tulle are set in the yoke of Llere lace and the veil is of tulle. At either side of the front, the straight apron which falls from yoke to knee, is gathered back in soft pleats, which are held in place by pearl bead ornaments; from these ornaments a long loop of pearl beads swings far below the knee. The position of the arm and bouquet hides these pearl ornaments in the picture, but the loop of beads falling at the front of the gown can be discerned. The tulle veil is girlishly arranged, and the arrangement should not be difficult to copy. Part of the veil is thrown back to fall to the waistline and the doubled front edge is laid in pleats which form the "brim" of the veil. This "brim" is fastened at the sides with pearl bead ornaments, and sprays of orange blossoms extend toward the front. Modern and most beautiful is the bridal bouquet of white roses and maidenhair fern, with shower clusters of valley lilies and orange blossom buds depending from white ribbons.

Frocks That Reveal Spring Newness.

So many spring weddings are followed by motor honeymoons now that not so many brides start on their travels in tailored suits as was once the case. Of course, no trousseau would be complete without two smart tailleurs at least; one a natty little suit of semi-formal character, the other a serviceable knockabout suit of semi-sport type. But the basis of this spring's trousseau seems to be the frock—frocks by the dozen, one should say! And to go over these alluring frocks there should be some very stunning and dashing separate coats of spring-like character. Practical for the Easter trousseau is a model of fine wool velour in smoke gray color with small buckles of smoked pearl on belt and pockets. Another coat of sand colored burella cloth is lined with white faille matinee silk, and has white pearl buttons and rows of self colored machine stitching in silk. There are smart coats also, of tan and of navy blue gabardine, much stitched and button-garnished. All these models have the swagger lines of the moment, a full flare over the skirt of the frock which reveals itself for a few inches between coat-edge and buttoned walking boot, exaggerated collars and cuffs, and belts that give the loose yet trim coat some original and unexpected difference of line. The coat manufacturers must have spent weeks and weeks thinking up the new belts, so many and varied are the belt notions.

Two types of frock are pictured; one a dainty afternoon model of pussy willow silk and the other a dashing sport frock all in orange, black and white. The afternoon frock of pussy willow is in a soft blue color printed with a red rectangular figure. The belt, cuff, collar and apron front are of white soiree silk, and an old design in red on the apron front gives the frock much individuality. This design is done in the new running stitch with ordinary sewing silk, the hand stitches placed in close rows until a solid effect is obtained. Paris is using a great deal of this sewing silk embroidery and the red and blue frock comes from Lanvin. The sport frock has a pleated skirt of white tussah stitched above the hem with rows of black and orange silk. This stitching is done by machine, but the apron front of the tunic shows the running stitch embroidery just referred to. The crossing lines and embroidered figures are done with orange silk on white Georgette and the tunic and sash are of orange Georgette. The small black straw hat has a crown of white cotton crochet and smart black jet pins. White silk stockings and black pumps carry out the vivid effect of this costume.

Visiting Day Costumes For The Bride.

Whether she attends entertainments given in her honor, or stays at home and welcomes her guests, the bride must be garbed in trousseau finery—for everything she wears will be talked of while her days of bridehood last. The Easter trousseau includes some fetching house gowns in the new Russian effects—straight, soft lines drawn in under a knotted sash. These house gowns are of tussah, of soiree silk, of chiffon and of Georgette and their colors range from the richly dark to the gorgeously Oriental. Gold thread embroidery is a favorite trimming. House gowns of this luxurious type are taking the place, just now, of the conventional teagown of chiffon and lace. More formal in type, for receiving at home, is the afternoon frock of pale blue French organdy with notable sleeves that puff out amazingly between cuff and armhole. The skirt is gathered to the belt and the flounce is gathered to the skirt, making the gown as bouffant and airy as the big sleeves. Soiree silk in self-tone is used under the organdy, and silver lace and a cluster of lavender flowers make a dainty trimming.

Miss Springtime's Veil

THOUGH there is always more or less to-do made about veils in the autumn, it is in springtime that women take most interest in these fascinating wisps of finery. The serene, windless days of September and October scarcely encourage the wearing of veils but in March, April and May conditions are different; brisk breezes are ever blowing from one direction or another—often from two or three directions at once, and unless one starts out snugly veiled, one is apt to look sadly dishevelled before one has progressed many blocks. The veiling counter is a distracted sort of place on a March day when a high wind is blowing. Women by the score are demanding veils—any sort of veils—the quicker the better, to be tied over blown-about tresses before they venture out again into the gale.

One does not say that the veil is to be more fashionable than ever this spring—for the veil is always fashionable in spring—but this spring the veils are more charming than they have ever been, and are worn in most graceful fashion too. One has wide choice in veilings for the new styles range from delicate hand-run patterns, sheer and fine as thread lace, to richly Oriental effects with patterns done in gold or silver thread; yet no patterns are so bizarre as to be heavy or grotesque on the face—as veil patterns have been, too often in the past few years.

The border effects are the favorites, and narrow borders which come just above the chin when the veil is tied smoothly around the hat, are best liked by conservative women. The very short, bordered veil, coming between nose and chin, has a vogue with youthful women. It is a saucy, piquant little veil, charming on a pretty face, but a trifle trying—with its border bifurcating the features—to middle age or to a visage that is not all soft curves and dimples. Veils drawn in snugly under the chin are always most becoming to women whose dominant claim to attractiveness is a certain smart, well-groomed look rather than mere rosy prettiness, and a great many of these closely drawn face veils are worn. They have narrow borders at the lower edge, or may be worn inverted; that is, with the border at the top; and perhaps the latter method is a little more fashionable just at the moment. There are veils with a distinct and decided pattern at the top, designed to show up against the hat. Some of these show soutache embroideries or embroideries done with heavy white silk on the dark or neutral toned mesh. There is the butterfly pattern for instance, the big butterfly wrought in silk embroidery, showing to much advantage against a dark hat of silk or straw. Other patterns show the thistle, the rose, the beetle or some conventional design. One of these veils, with a design of heraldic character wrought in steel beads on a fine black octagon mesh, was noted at the Ritz the other day at luncheon hour, over a chic little hat just from Paris and copied from the visored cap affected by a well-liked French actress. The cap at the Ritz had a tall crown of black pontine—the soft waxed material that is like supple leather on its outer side and has a back of silk in contrasting color—and the visor was also of the black pontine. At the top of the brim was a soft puff of gray velvet and the whole hat slopes backward from the tip of the visor to the puffed velvet crown on top, making an excellent background for the trimly drawn black veil with its heraldic device in steel beads. And by the way, this most fetching hat and veil combination was accompanied by a new Paris tailleur of gray mohair and worsted mixture with a pleated skirt and very short eton jacket tied at the throat with long streamers of black faille matinee silk, the jacket, edged with closely set buttons and buttonholes down the front, opening to show a waistcoat of checked green and black silk. The pleated skirt fell just over the tops of buttoned boots with gray cloth tops. The whole costume arrested the attention of every woman in the room, and the veil with its steel-beaded pattern resting against the hat was a notable detail.

The woman who likes a floating veil can be suited too, this spring. One of the new veils to be worn loosely over the hat has a design embroidered across its upper part to come against the hat-brim. The veil is of very sheer mesh with a border of chenille dots in graduated sizes and the veil is so shaped that it falls mostly at the front, sloping up, apron fashion toward the back of the hat. The embroidery is done with pale gray silk and shows up well against a dark blue straw bicorne hat. Another type of floating veil does not fall below the chin, but is draped around a mushroom hat brim so that the lower edge is perfectly horizontal, the front coming just to the tip of the chin and the sides just below the ear-lobes. At the back the veil folds across the down-slanting mushroom brim. Such a veil must be adjusted with utmost nicety—in fact, any veil should be; nothing can spoil the effect of a smart costume more quickly than a veil put on "any way at all." and it is the woman who spends at least five minutes adjusting her veil, studying the effect from back and side views by aid of a hand-mirror, who has the perfectly groomed suggestion that is so charming.

A shabby bedraggled veil is even worse than a new one carelessly adjusted, and when veils are so cheap, there seems to be no reason why some women should cling to them as they do, long after their freshness has passed. It is always better to buy several veils at one time and wear them, turn and turn about, so that the mesh will have time to straighten out and renew its freshness between wearings. Never roll a veil up into a wad and throw it into a bureau drawer—even if it is only a twenty-five-cent veil, it is worth keeping fresh and wearable as long as it lasts. Have strips of cardboard (cut from old boxes), and wind the veils on these when not in use. All the strips can be laid flat in a long box or compartment in the dresser drawer. Pull the edges of the veil out well when winding for a veil always stretches from end to end and grows narrower between the edges.



It is Called The Fantasy, This Much Favored New Veil With Decoration Of Gold Thread Embroidery That Shows Against The Hat Brim.

TUB DRESSES FOR THE LITTEL GIRL

A VERY exclusive shop just off Fifth Avenue in Manhattan shows some delectable tub dresses for little girls in a window this week. They are of plain colored, corded dimity, pale pink, pale yellow, pale green and dove gray—all with white organdy cuffs and collars. The gray model is prettiest of all so I will describe it for you. The frock has a low waistline and a broad belt of black velvet ribbon, tied in a careless bow at one side of the back. Front and back of waist and skirt are laid in box pleats and the fastening comes at the back. Rows of small white pearl buttons run part way down the two center front box pleats. The round, turned down collar and turned back elbow cuffs are of white organdy pintucked by hand and at the collar is a tiny bow of the narrowest black velvet ribbon with ends that fall below the waistline. This bow gives a great deal of style to the simply made gray frock with its white collar, cuffs and buttons.

METAL SCRAP BASKETS.

NO single article in the home has so many ups and downs of fashion as the humble scrap basket. every six months or so a new sort of scrap basket comes out and alas for the room furnished with the wrong kind of scrap basket. Paraphrasing Whistler one might remark: "You see a house expensively and beautifully decorated and furnished. Everything seems to express perfect taste. Then you see a scrap basket in the corner that gives the whole thing away." Wicker scrap baskets run with pink and blue satin ribbon are within the memory of most of us; and burnt wood scrap baskets laced at the corners with cord. Folding pasteboard baskets covered with flowered paper still hold their own in country house bed rooms; but the very latest and smartest waste paper receptacle is of white enamel metal in filagree effect with a quaint, hand-painted flower basket design on one side.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

COTTON 5 TO 16 POINTS UP WHEAT PRICES GO UPWARD STOCKS ARE DULL BUT FIRM

Rumors of Russian Revolution Causes Unsettlement After Wednesday's Losses Had Been Recovered.

New York, March 15.—After recovering nearly all of yesterday's late losses the cotton market was unsettled by rumors of political disturbances in Russia and late fluctuations were irregular. The early advance carried May up to 17.81 or 20 points above last night's close and after selling off to 17.61, that delivery closed at 17.75. The general list closed steady at a net advance of 5 to 18 points.

The opening was steady at a decline of 4 points to an advance of 5 points. Active months sold about 1 to 5 points net lower right after the call, but the market soon turned firmer.

The buying by trade interests helped the old crop months which sold up about 23 to 25 points from the low level of the morning, with the general lists showing net gains of 14 to 20 points around mid-day. July advanced from 17.43 to 17.66 and October from 16.75 to 16.91. Offerings then increased on the report of unsettled political conditions in Russia and the market broke back to about last night's closing figures during the middle of the afternoon, July selling at 17.49 and October at 16.77. Spot house brokers gave the market support on this decline, and last prices showed rallies of several points from the lowest, with near months relatively firm.

	Open	High	Low	Close
May	17.61	17.81	17.56	17.75
July	17.49	17.66	17.43	17.59
October	16.75	16.91	16.75	16.82
December	16.89	17.00	16.88	16.90
January	16.90	16.92	17.02	16.93

Spot cotton quiet; middling 17.95.

PORT MOVEMENT.

New Orleans—Middling 17.63; receipts 2,020; sales 4,445; stock 428,789.

Galveston—Middling 17.90; receipts 466; sales 473; stock 267,909.

Mobile—Middling 18.00; receipts 11; exports 2,207; stock 7,229.

Savannah—Middling 18.50; receipts 1,138; sales 21; stock 144,694.

Charleston—Middling 18.00; receipts 722; stock 37,807.

Wilmington—Middling 18.00; receipts 13; stock 52,271.

Norfolk—Middling 18.13; receipts 2,277; sales 86; stock 100,838.

Baltimore—Stock 18,875.

Boston—Middling 18.05; receipts 315; stock 12,900.

Philadelphia—Middling 18.20; stock 2,810.

New York—Middling 17.95; receipts 10; sales 184; stock 143,937.

Minor Ports—Exports 7,759; stock 37,608.

Total today—Receipts 11,172; exports 9,966; stock 1,260,647.

Total for week—Receipts 54,222; exports 22,920.

Total for season—Receipts 6,033,694; exports 4,132,249.

Interior Movement.

Houston—Middling 17.85; receipts 1,333; shipments 2,191; sales 586; stock 136,762.

Memphis—Middling 18.00; receipts 3,510; shipments 2,903; sales 1,850; stock 356,718.

Augusta—Middling 18.63; receipts 532; shipments 1,847; sales 254; stock 112,364.

St. Louis—Middling 18.00; receipts 772; shipments 1,046; stock 38,918.

Cincinnati—Receipts 179; shipments 137; stock 22,619.

Little Rock—Receipts 489; stock 35,593.

Dallas—Middling 17.35; sales 446.

Montgomery—Middling 18.50; sales 7.

Total today—Receipts 6,795; shipments 9,208; stock 702,974.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New Orleans, March 15.—Prices were on the upgrade in the cotton market today, chiefly as the result of the bullish showing by the census bureau of the monthly American mill statistics. The improvement was only moderate, but great steadiness prevailed except in the early afternoon when the market broke sharply on the report that a revolution had broken out in Russia. There was a quick recovery toward the close and last prices showed a net rise for the session of 13 to 17 points.

Opening prices were about 10 points up on the census bureau figures and around the middle of the day trading months were at an advance of 16 to 20 points. Telegrams from Washington stating that the railroad labor troubles might be settled by compromise were received favorably. The Russian news cut the advance down to only 2 to 7 points, but the market became buoyant again toward the end of the session.

Closing bid: January 16.65; May 17.29; July 17.17; October 16.48; December 16.57.

Spot cotton, steady, 12 points off; sales on the spot 3,935 bales; to arrive 500 bales; middling 17.63.

COTTON SEED OIL MARKET.

New York, March 15.—After advancing 12 to 13 points on short covering the international lard and other commodities, cotton seed oil reacted somewhat under realising, but final prices were still 5 to 6 points above the previous close. Refiners bought nearby and sold late months. Tenders 1,000 barrels; sales 23,300 barrels.

Close firm: Spot 13.40 bid; March 13.40 to 13.50; April 13.44 to 13.48; May 13.48 to 13.50; June 13.48 to 13.50; July 13.49 to 13.50; August 13.48 to 13.49; September 13.49 to 13.52; October 12.97 to 13.00.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, March 15.—Spot cotton in limited demand; prices easier; good middling 12.35; middling 12.15; low middling 11.97. Sales 4,000 bales, including 3,900 American and 400 for speculation and export; receipts 1,300 bales, all American.

Futures closed firm. March 11.76; March and April 11.63; April and May 11.62; May and June 11.58; June and July 11.56; July and August 11.43; August and September 11.26; September and October 11.10; October and November 10.97; November and December 10.87; December and January 10.84; January and February 10.80; February and March 10.80; March and April 10.79.

Quotations Advance 2¾ to 3⅝ on Confidence That Railroad Strike Would be Averted.

Chicago, March 15.—Growing confidence that the threatened railway strike would be averted led today to higher prices for wheat. The market closed strong at 2¾ to 3⅝ net advance with May at 1.80 to 1.80¼ and July at 1.55⅝ to 1.56. Corn gained ⅞ to 1¼; oats ⅝ to 1c, and provisions 80 to 75c.

Grain and provisions closed:

Wheat—May 1.80¼; July 1.55⅝.

Corn—May 1.07⅞; July 1.06⅝.

Oats—May 57⅜; July 56.

Pork—May 32.85; July 33.12.

Lard—May 19.00; July 18.97.

Ribs—May 17.47; July 17.55.

Cash grain:

Wheat—No. 2 and No. 3 red, nominal; No. 2 hard, nominal; No. 3 Hard 1.86¼.

Corn—No. 2 yellow 1.08¾ to 1.09; No. 3 yellow 1.07½ to 1.08½; No. 4 yellow 1.06 to 1.08.

MARINE.

Arrived.

Str. Cherokee, Bunnell, Georgetown; C. J. Becker, agent.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers.

Str. Nicaria (Ger.), 3,388 tons, Hollasch, Helde & Co.

Str. Kiel (Ger.), 2,872 tons, Lemke, Helde & Co.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

(Quoted Daily by the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce.)

STAR OFFICE, March 15.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—45c.

ROSIN—Nominal.

TAR—$2.00-13c.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—$3.50, $3.50, and $2.50.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine, 49½c; rosin, $5.00, $4.80; tar, $1.90-9c; crude turpentine, $3.75, $3.75 and $2.75.

RECEIPTS:

Spirits Turpentine 7

Rosin ..... (—)

Tar 52

Crude Turpentine ..... (—)

Receipts same day last year—Spirits turpentine, (—) casks; rosin, (—) barrels; tar, 102 barrels; crude turpentine, 2 barrels.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—18c; same day last year, 11¾c.

Receipts—11 bales; same day last year, 166 bales.

Total receipts since August 1 to date, 78,857 bales.

Total receipts to same date last year, 151,686 bales.

BY RIVER AND RAIL

Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at This Port Yesterday.

March 15, 1917.

Atlantic Coast Line—11 bales cotton; 7 casks spirits turpentine; 52 barrels tar.

Total—11 bales cotton; 7 casks spirits turpentine; 52 barrels tar.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Purchase price quoted by W. J. Meredith, March 15.)

SWEET POTATOES — Yams, 75c. to 85c. bushel.

IRISH POTATOES—$2.00 to $2.25 per bu.

CORN—$1.20 to $1.22½ per bu.

BEEF—Native dressed, 9c. to 10c.

PORK—10c to 12c per pound.

WOOL—Burry, 20 to 22 1-2c; first class wool, 35c; highest grade, washed wool, 38c.

HIDES—Green, salt, 13c. to 20c.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON — Hams, 20c.; sides and shoulders, 16c to 17c per lb.; good demand.

BEESWAX—Firm, 28c. per pound; good demand.

POULTRY — Turkeys, 20c. on foot; dressed, 25c. lb.; chickens, grown, 45c. to 50c.; spring, 20c. to 25c. head.

EGGS—23c to 24c, dull.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.)

Wilmington, March 15.—North Carolina peanuts, new crop, farmers' stock, fancy hand-picked, $1.40; No. 1, machine, $1.35 per bushel.

Virginia peanuts, farmers' stock, new crop, Jumbos, 85c; fancy hand picked, 80c; No. 1 machine picked, 75c.

Spanish peanuts, farmers' stock, new crop, No. 1, small, machine picked, $1.40; Jumbos, $1.35 per bushel.

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET.

(Reported by Rodgers, Plummer & Co. Inc.)

Petersburg, Va., March 15.—Spanish—Farmers' stock—Market firm, $1.65 per bushel.

Virginias, Farmers' stock—Market steady. Fancy jumbo, 5c per lb.; Extra Prime, 4¾c per lb.; Prime, 4½c per lb.; Shelling stock, 3½ to 4¼c per lb.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, March 15.—Hogs, strong, 10 to 15c above yesterday's average; bulk 14.55 to 14.85; light 14.00 to 14.80; mixed 14.25 to 14.90; heavy 14.30 to 14.90; rough 14.30 to 14.45; pigs 10.75 to 13.20.

Cattle—Steady; native beef cattle 9.00 to 12.65; stockers 6.30 to 9.75; cows and heifers 5.30 to 10.75; calves 9.75 to 13.50.

Sheep—Strong; wethers 11.00 to 12.50; ewes 8.75 to 12.25; lambs 12.35 to 14.85.

$5,000 BY APRIL 1ST

Mark Set For Whirlwind Campaign by Rocky Mount Chamber.

(Special Star Correspondence).

Rocky Mount, N. C., March 15.—Five thousand dollars before April 1st is the slogan of the local chamber of commerce in a big whirlwind campaign to be waged in this city to raise that amount for the booster work for this city in 1917. The campaign is to be put on by a live membership committee under the direction of Mr. M. Y. Barnhill as chairman, and next week was virtually decided upon as the time at a meeting of the directorate in called session in the parlors of the Sagamore club last night.

Considering Small Turnover Trading Was Comparatively Broad—Gains in Rails Lost.

New York, March 15.—Despite the handicaps imposed by adverse domestic and foreign factors, today's dull market ruled firm to strong, though losing considerable ground in the later dealings. Prices were at their best during the mid-session, when a recess in the railway labor conference was announced, but fell back in the final hour on selling apparently induced by the reports of the revolution in Russia.

Trading was broad considering the comparatively small turn-over. Bethlehem Steel, new and old shares, the latter selling ex. dividend of 10 per cent, made extreme gains of 2⅝ and 4½, respectively, at 1.16½ and 1.33 1-2. United States Steel rose 1⅝ to 1.11¾, but closed at 1.10½ and gains in other steel and iron issues suffered like reductions.

Coppers rose 1 to 2 points, shippings 1½ to 3; oils 1½ to 2 and motors and equipments 1 to 3 points with Central Leather, Industrial Alcohol, American Can and International Nickel. Sugar and paper shares were irregular throughout. Ohio Gas made an extreme rise of 6¼ to 1.12¾, with 1⅝ for Western Union at 93⅝. Inquiry for rails centered around Reading, Union Pacific, Canadian Pacific and less than a dozen of the low priced shares, most of which forfeited the greater part of their gains.

Large blocks of foreign bonds changed hands at moderate concessions with a lower trend in domestic issues. Total sales, par value, $3,225,000. United States bonds, unchanged on call.

NEW YORK STOCK LIST.

Allis-Chalmers	26½
American Beet Sugar	91⅝
American Can	46⅜
American Car and Foundry	65½
American Cotton Oil	42½
American Locomotive	70½
American Smelting	104⅞
American Sugar	112½
American Tel. and Tel	127
American Tobacco	212
American Zinc	36½
Anaconda Copper	83⅝
Atchison	102
Atlantic Coast Line	115
Baldwin Locomotive	52⅞
Baltimore and Ohio	75⅝
Bathlehem Steel	132½
Canadian Pacific	153⅞
Central Leather	91⅝
Chesapeake and Ohio	58¼
Chicago, Mil. and St. Paul	84⅛
Chicago, R. I. and Pac. Ry	37
Colorado Fuel and Iron	47⅝
Consolidated Gas	119
Corn Products	23⅜
Crucible Steel	65⅝
Cuba Cane Sugar	42⅜
Erie	26⅞
General Electric	166
Great Northern, pfd	113¼
Great Northern Ore Ctfs	34⅝
Goodrich	56¼
Illinois Central	100⅜
Inspiration Copper	60⅝
Int. Mer. Marine, pfd	77⅛
International Nickel	42⅝
International Paper	44
Kansas City Southern	22
Kennecott Copper	45
Lehigh Valley	67
Louisville and Nashville	124¼
Liggett and Meyers	250
Lorillard Co	210
Maxwell Motors	55⅜
Mexican Petroleum	88
National Lead	55
New York Central	94½
N. Y., N. H. and Hartford	43½
Norfolk and Western	128½
Northern Pacific	103¼
Pennsylvania	53⅝
Ray Consolidated Copper	29¼
Reading	94½
Rep. Iron and Steel	81
Seaboard Air Line	14
Seaboard Air Line, pfd	31½
Sloss-Sheff. Steel and Iron	63
Studebaker Corp	102⅛
Southern Pacific	94⅛
Southern Railway	27⅛
Southern Railway, pfd	57½
Tennessee Copper	16½
Texas Co	229
Union Pacific	136
United Fruit	142
United States Rubber	59⅜
United States Steel	110½
United States Steel, pfd	117½
Utah Copper	113⅜
Virginia-Caro. Chem	40½
Wabash, pfd., "B"	24⅝
Western Union	98⅛
Westinghouse Electric	50⅞
Missouri Pacific, W. I.	29½

NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

New York, March 15.—Mercantile paper 4 to 4¼; sterling 60 day bills 4.71; commercial 60 day bills on banks 4.71; commercial 60 day bills 4.70¾; demand 4.75 7-16; cables 4.76 7-16. Bar silver 73. Mexican dollars 56⅜; government bonds, steady; railroad bonds, easy. Time loans easy; 60 days 3¼ to 3⅜; 90 days 3½ to 3¾; six months 4. Call money steady; ruling rate 2.

NEW YORK LIVE STOCK.

New York, March 15.—Beeves, no trading.

Calves—Steady; veals 15.75 to 16.00; culls 9.00 to 10.00.

Sheep and Lambs—Steady; State lambs 15.00 to 15.25; common sheep 7.00.

Hogs—No trading.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, March 15.—Cotton goods were steady today. Print cloth and yarn goods were firm. Yarns were steady and wool goods firm and quiet. Raw silk has been more active at lower prices.

NEW YORK PROVISIONS.

New York, March 15.—Raw sugar, steady; centrifugal 5.39; molasses 4.52; refined, steady.

Butter—Firmer.

Cheese—Irregular.

Coffee—Spot steady; Rio 7s, 9¼; Santos 4s, 10c.

SAVANNAH NAVAL STORES.

Savannah, Ga., March 15.—Turpentine firm, 44c; sales 144; receipts 32; shipments 6; stock 12,885.

Rosin—Dull; sales none; receipts 438; shipments 200; stock 80,910. Quote: A B C D E F G, 6.00; H I K M N WG WW, 6.20.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture—Weather Bureau.

March 16, 1917.

Meteorological data for day ending at 8 P. M. yesterday:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 53 degrees; at 8 P. M., 56 degrees; maximum 73 degrees; minimum, 52 degrees; mean, 62 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00 inch; rainfall for the month, to date, 1.85 inches.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M. yesterday, 9.3 feet.

THE WEATHER.

For North Carolina—Fair Friday; Saturday probably rain.

The Port Calendar, March 16, 1917.

Sun rises ..... 6:21 A. M.

Sun sets ..... 6:20 P. M.

Day's length ..... 11 hrs. 59 min.

THE TIDES.

	High water. A.M.	P.M.	Low water. A.M.	P.M.
Wilmington	3:27	3:41	11:03	11:01
Southport	12:56	1:09	7:36	7:43
Masonboro Inlet	12:45	12:58	7:16	7:23

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS.

March 15, 1917.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature: Highest today.	Lowest Last night.	Precipitation at 8 P.
Abilene	clear	86	54	.0
Asheville	clear	58	38	.0
Atlanta	clear	68	44	.0
Augusta	cldy	74	50	.0
Baltimore	clear	58	—	.0
Birmingh.	cldy	70	44	.0
Boston	clear	44	34	.02
Charleston	cldy	74	67	.0
Charlotte	cldy	66	44	.0
Chicago	cldy	38	26	.0
Galveston	clear	72	64	.0
Jacksonv.	clear	80	64	.0
Memphis	rain	64	50	.02
Mobile	cldy	78	62	.0
Montgom'y	cldy	68	54	.0
New Orl.	clear	82	64	.0
New York	cldy	44	34	.0
Oklahoma	cldy	60	50	.0
Palestine	clear	78	58	.0
Pittsburg	cldy	38	34	.0
Raleigh	clear	66	38	.0
Savannah	cldy	80	64	.0
Shreveport	clear	68	54	.0
St. Louis	cldy	54	32	.0
Washing'n	clear	54	32	.0

THIRD REGIMENT TO ENCAMP IN STATE FAIR GROUNDS?

Raleigh, N. C., March 15.—After inspecting the State Fair grounds here and big tobacco warehouses in Durham offered for encamping the Third Regiment troops on their return next week from the Mexican border to await mustering out, Col. H. J. Slocum tonight wired Eastern headquarters at Governor's Island recommending that the State Fair grounds here be used for the purpose.

NOTICE OF PRIMARY ELECTION AND GENERAL ELECTION.

Notice is hereby given that the Council of the City of Wilmington and the City Board of Elections of said City by resolution adopted in joint meeting on the 7th day of March, 1917, did call and order a primary election for the purpose of nominating candidates for Mayor and candidates from the First, Fourth and Sixth Wards of said City as members of the Council of said City to be held on the 17th day of April, 1917.

Notice is further given that the Council of the City of Wilmington and the City Board of Elections of said City by resolution adopted at a joint meeting held on the 7th day of March, 1917, did call and order the regular municipal election in said City for the purpose of electing a Mayor and one Councilman each from the First, Fourth and Sixth Wards in said City. Said election to be held on Tuesday, the 1st day of May, 1917.

Notice is further given that the Council of the City of Wilmington has ordered for both the primary election and the regular municipal election hereinbefore mentioned an entirely new registration of the voters of said City and that voters who have registered for said primary election need not further register for the regular municipal election.

The following named polling places have been designated and the registrars and judges of elections appointed for the holding and conducting of both said primary election and the regular municipal election.

First Ward Precinct—Polling Place, Engine House, Fourth and Campbell—Registrar, R. T. Darden; Judges, James Lewis, J. B. Elkins.

Second Ward Precinct—Polling place, Police Headquarters, City Hall—Registrar, W. W. Hodges; Judges, D. H. Howes, John R. Turrentine, Jr.

Third Ward Precinct—Polling Place, Gibbem Lodge, upstairs—Registrar, L. H. Partin; Judges, W. G. Farmer, J. A. Austin.

Fourth Ward Precinct—Polling place, Mills' Stables, Dock street—Registarr, L. W. Warrock; Judges, J. B. King, John D. Bellamy, Jr., Jr.

Fifth Ward Precinct, First Division—Polling Place, New Engine House—Registrar, R. C. Cantwell; Judges, W. W. Sellers, L. T. Landen.

Fifth Ward Precinct, Second Division—Polling place, Old Engine House—Registrar, John Walton; Judges, J. B. Fales, W. M. Creasy.

Sixth Ward Precinct—Polling Place, Mann's Store—Registrar, J. F. Mann; Judges, W. A. Woods, J. H. Womble.

The said primary election will be held between the hours of sunrise and sunset on the 17th day of April, 1917.

The said regular municipal election will be held between the hours of sunrise and sunset on the 1st day of May, 1917.

Each registrar will, between the hours of 9:00 o'clock A. M. and 5:00 o'clock P. M., on each day (Sunday excepted) for seven days preceding the day for the closing of the registration books keep open said books for the registration of the voters in their respective precincts, and said registration books will be open from 9 o'clock A. M. until 9 o'clock P. M. on each Saturday during said registration period and shall be closed for registration on the second Saturday before the 17th day of April, 1917. No registration will be allowed on said election day except to such person as shall give satisfactory evidence to the registrar and judges of election that he has become of the age of twenty-one years, or otherwise has been qualified to register and vote since the registration books closed for registration.

On the second Saturday before the election the registration books will be kept open at the polling places in the voting precincts for the inspection of electors and to enable challenges to be made to right of any person to vote in said election whose name appears on said books, and if any person is objected to notice shall be given him and a hearing granted as provided by law.

The Council has appointed Registrars and Judges of Election as hereinbefore stated, and caused them to be notified of their appointment, and will cause to be furnished all necessary books and arrange for the ballots and will fill all vacancies occurring either as to registrars or judges as provided by law, and will receive returns from said elections as provided by law.

By order of the Council of the City of Wilmington.

THOS. D. MEARES,
City Clerk and Treasurer.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington, Effective Feb. 5th, 1917. Arrivals, Schedules and Connections given as information, but not guaranteed

DEPARTURES	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS
No. 90 3:20 A. M. Daily except Sunday.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad.	No. 91 1:15 A. M. Daily except Monday.
No. 51 5:30 A. M. Daily.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, St. Petersburg, Ft. Myers, Columbia and Asheville. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia open to receive outbound passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M., and may be occupied, inbound, until 7:00 A. M.	No. 50 12:20 A. M. Daily.
No. 64 5:45 A. M. Daily except Sunday.	Jacksonville, New Bern and Intermediate stations.	No. 65 6:15 P. M. Daily except Sunday.
No. 48 8:00 A. M. Daily.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington. **Parlor cars between Wilmington and Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York trains having Pullman service.**	No. 49 6:05 P. M. Daily.
No. 53 8:45 A. M. Daily.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford.	No. 52 8:00 P. M. Daily.
No. 63 3:05 P. M. Daily.	Jacksonville, New Bern and Intermediate stations.	No. 63 12:30 P. M. Daily.
No. 55 3:45 P. M. Daily.	Chadbourn, Florence, Columbia, Augusta, Atlanta and the West. Charleston, Savannah and all Florida points. All Steel Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington, Augusta and Atlanta. **Sleeping cars daily between Florence and Columbia,** which may be occupied at Columbia until 7:00 A. M.	No. 54 12:50 P. M. Daily.
No. 59 6:30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.	Fayetteville and intermediate stations.	No. 60 10:15 A. M. Daily except Sunday.
No. 42 6:45 P. M. Daily.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York Trains, carrying dining cars; also Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 41 9:50 A. M. Daily.
No. 57 7:00 P. M. Daily except Sunday	Chadbourn, Conway and Intermediate points.	No.58 9:25 A. M. Daily except Sunday

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 160.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager. T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

IN EFFECT DECEMBER 4, 1916.

WINTER PARK, WRIGHTSVILLE, WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH

EASTBOUND			WESTBOUND		
Leave "Electric Centre" for Winter P'rk	Leave "Electric Centre" for Wrightsv'le	Leave "Electric Centre" for Beach	Leave Beach for Wilmington	Leave Wrightsv'le for Wilmington	Leave Winter P'rk for Wilmington
*6:30 A.M.	*6:30 A.M.	*6:30 A.M.	.....	*6:15 A.M.	*6:26 A.M.
16:30 A.M.	16:30 A.M.	x16:30 A.M.	z17:05 A.M.	17:15 A.M.	17:26 A.M.
*6:50 A.M.	*6:50 A.M.	.....	.....	*7:20 A.M.	*7:31 A.M.
*8:00 A.M.	*8:00 A.M.	.....	*7:40 A.M.	*7:50 A.M.	*8:01 A.M.
*8:30 A.M.	*8:30 A.M.	*8:30 A.M.	.....	*8:30 A.M.	*8:41 A.M.
18:30 A.M.	18:30 A.M.	x18:30 A.M.	z19:05 A.M.	19:15 A.M.	19:26 A.M.
10:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	*9:15 A.M.	*9:25 A.M.	*9:36 A.M.
11:30 A.M.	11:30 A.M.	11:30 A.M.	.....	110:20 A.M.	110:31 A.M.
11:00 P.M.	11:00 P.M.	11:00 P.M.	10:45 A.M.	10:55 A.M.	11:06 A.M.
*1:10 P.M.	*1:10 P.M.	x*1:10 P.M.	12:15 P.M.	12:25 P.M.	12:36 P.M.
o1:55 P.M.	o1:55 P.M.	.....	11:45 P.M.	11:55 P.M.	12:06 P.M.
2:30 P.M.	2:30 P.M.	.....	z*1:45 P.M.	*1:50 P.M.	*2:01 P.M.
3:00 P.M.	3:00 P.M.	3:00 P.M.	.....	*2:25 P.M.	*2:36 P.M.
3:30 P.M.	.....	.....	.....	o3:00 P.M.	o3:11 P.M.
o4:10 P.M.	.....	.....	.....	.....	o3:50 P.M.
4:30 P.M.	4:30 P.M.	4:30 P.M.	3:45 P.M.	3:55 P.M.	4:06 P.M.
o4:50 P.M.	.....	.....	.....	.....	o4:30 P.M.
5:30 P.M.	5:30 P.M.	.....	.....	.....	o5:10 P.M.
6:10 P.M.	6:10 P.M.	.....	5:15 P.M.	5:25 P.M.	5:36 P.M.
6:40 P.M.	6:40 P.M.	x6:40 P.M.	.....	6:10 P.M.	6:21 P.M.
7:15 P.M.	7:15 P.M.	.....	.....	6:40 P.M.	6:51 P.M.
8:15 P.M.	8:15 P.M.	.....	z7:15 P.M.	7:20 P.M.	7:31 P.M.
9:15 P.M.	9:15 P.M.	9:15 P.M.	.....	7:55 P.M.	8:06 P.M.
10:15 P.M.	10:15 P.M.	.....	.....	8:45 P.M.	8:56 P.M.
11:15 P.M.	11:15 P.M.	.....	10:00 P.M.	10:10 P.M.	10:21 P.M.
.....	.....	.....	.....	10:45 P.M.	10:56 P.M.
.....	.....	.....	.....	11:45 P.M.	11:56 P.M.

SPECIAL FOR SUNDAYS

Leave Front and Princess streets every half hour from 2 to 5 P. M.
Leave Beach every half hour from 3:45 to 5:45 P. M.

*—Daily except Sunday. x—Does not run beyond Station No. 3.
l—Sundays only. z—Leaves from Station No. 3.
o—Superceded by half hour schedule Sunday afternoon.

FREIGHT SCHEDULE (DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.)

Leave Ninth and Orange Streets, 3:30 P. M.
Freight Depot Open from 2:30 to 3:30 P. M.

SPECIAL NOTICE—This Table shows the time at which trains may be expected to arrive at and depart from the several stations, but the arrivals and departures are not guaranteed.

OFFICE STATIONERY

Strathmore Quality Typewriter Paper, Manuscript Covers, Second Sheets, Stenographers' Note Books, Typewriter Ribbons, Carter's, David's, Arnold's and Underwood's Ink—In fact Anything in the Line of Stationery, for Home of Office.

Northam's Book and Stationery Store

101 PRINCESS ST. 'PHONE: 651.

WHILE THEY LAST, WE WILL SELL FOR CASH ONLY

9c

1 Complete Durham Demonstrator Razor and Blade IN SEALED POCKET.

'Phone Your Order at Once, as This Sale is Limited to Only a Few.

The Payne Drug Company

5 & RED CROSS ST. 'PHONE 520.

Payne's Service Makes Payne's the Place.

BURETT H. STEPHENS ARCHITECT

38-39 GARRELL BUILDING WILMINGTON, N. C.

J. F. LEITNER, Architect

27, 28, 29 Garrell Building.

BRAY BROTHERS

STOCKS & BONDS

GREENSBORO, N. C.

WE OFFER

6 Per Cent COUPON GOLD BONDS

Interest payable semi-annually. Write for particulars.

5 Shares Greensboro Loan & Trust Co.

16 Shares Dixie Fire Insurance Co.

Prices and Information on Application.

CLYDE LINE

TO NEW YORK AND GEORGETOWN, S. C.

New York to Wilmington.

S. S. Cherokee....Tuesday, March 20th
S. S. Cherokee....Saturday, March 31st

Wilmington to Georgetown.

S. S. Cherokee...Thursday, March 22nd
S. S. Cherokee.....Sunday, April 1st

Wilmington to New York.

S. S. Cherokee....Thursday, March 15th
S. S. Cherokee.....Monday, March 26th

S. S. Cherokee carries first class passengers only.

CLYDE STEAMSHIP CO.
C. J. BECKER, Agent.
Wilmington, N. C.

General Offices: Pier 36 N. R., New York

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

The Progressive Railroad of the South. Bulletin of Special Round-Trip Rates from Wilmington, N. C.

ATLANTA, GA. $13.95
On sale June 15, 16, 17; limited returning Midnight June 25th. Stop-over any point.

WASHINGTON, D. C. $13.30
On sale April 10 to 15th inclusive; limited returning midnight April 30th.

NEW ORLEANS, LA. $28.75
On sale May 11 to 16th, inclusive; limited returning midnight, limit extended to June 15th on payment $1.00.

ATLANTA, G. $18.35
On sale April 2, 3; limited returning midnight April 11th.

ATLANTA, GA. $18.35
On sale March 11, 12, 13; limited returning midnight March 18th.

WASHINGTON, D. C. $8.90
On sale June 2 to 7th, inclusive; limited returning midnight June 21st; limit extended to July 6th on payment 50c.

DALLAS, TEX $52.20
On sale May 12, 14, 15. Limited returning midnight, June 8th.

MACON, GA. $13.20
On sale March 17th to April 4th, inc. Limited returning midnight, April 10th.

For further information, apply 'Phone 178.—

R. W. WALLACE, C. T. A., Wilmington, N. C.
H. E. PLEASANTS, T. P. A., Wilmington, N. C.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

The Progressive Railway of the South. Bulletin of Special Round-Trip Rates from Wilmington, N. C.

ATLANTA, GA. $13.95
On sale June 15, 16, 17; limited returning Midnight June 25th. Stop-over any point.

WASHINGTON, D. C. $13.30
On sale April 10 to 15th inclusive; limited returning midnight April 30th.

NEW ORLEANS, LA. $28.75
On sale May 11 to 16th, inclusive; limited returning midnight, limit extended to June 15th on payment $1.00.

ATLANTA, G. $18.35
On sale April 2, 3; limited returning midnight April 11th.

ATLANTA, GA. $18.35
On sale March 11, 12, 13; limited returning midnight March 18th.

WASHINGTON, D. C. $8.90
On sale June 2 to 7th, inclusive; limited returning midnight June 21st; limit extended to July 6th on payment 50c.

DALLAS, TEX $52.20
On sale May 12, 14, 15. Limited returning midnight, June 8th.

MACON, GA. $13.20
On sale March 17th to April 4th, inc. Limited returning midnight, April 10th.

For further information, apply 'Phone 178.—

R. W. WALLACE, C. T. A., Wilmington, N. C.
H. E. PLEASANTS, T. P. A., Wilmington, N. C.

COAL

BUILDERS' SUPPLIES STORAGE

W. B. THORPE & COMPANY

Specials:---

1500 bushels Burt Seed Oats.
1000 bags Rice, all grades.
500 bags Coffee, all grades.
500 cases Canned Vegetables.
Supreme Brand Canned Meats.
Nutriline Stock Feed.
Momyik Dairy Feed.
Hecker's Midlings.
Velvet Bean Meal.

Get Our Prices Before Buying.

McNair & Pearsall

STRICTLY WHOLESALE.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

HOROWITZ JUNK SHOP

The Oldest. Most Reliable.
PRICES ARE NOW AT THE HIGHEST.
All Kinds of Rags, Tires Rubber, Metals and Rope.
109 S. WATER ST. 'PHONE 800-W.

CAPE FEAR MACHINE WORKS

Best Equipment for Best Service

Machine, Engine, Boiler Repairs; Iron, Brass, Aluminum Castings. Make Boilers, Tanks, Stacks.

On R. R. Track and River Front, Foot Church Street

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TO A T ONCE PREPARE MOBILIZATION CAMP

Virginia Adjutant-General Gets War Department Orders

General Sale, in Confirming the Report, Says the Action is Only a Step in the General Plan of Preparedness.

Richmond, Va., March 15.—Governor Henry C. Stuart announced tonight that orders had been received by Adjutant-General W. W. Sale fro mthe War Department "to prepare at once a mobilization camp for all the military forces of Virginia."

GENERAL SALE SAYS THERE IS NO OCCASION FOR WAR SCARE

Norfolk, Va., March 15.—Adjutant-General W. W. Sale, of the Virginia militia, tonight confirmed the report that he had been requested by the War Deuartment at Washington and sanctioned by Governor Stuart, to prepare at once a full strength mobilization camp for the Virginia National Guard. The requested was received tonight by wire.

Adjutant-General Sale said he would return to Richmond early tomorrow morning, with plans completed to carry out his orders. He also expects to inaugurate a recruiting campaign to bring the guard up to full war strength —8,010 officers and men.

"There is no sinister or ominous meaning behind my orders," said Adjutant-General Sale. "I don't want to stir up any war scare. I have been expecting the order for some time and it is a step in the war general plan of preparedness adopted by the War Department."

OLD REGIME IN RUSSIA IS OVERTHROWN BY REBELION

(Continued from Page One.)

mediately in front of the historic church built over the spot where Alexander II was killed by a bomb. The police finally fled to roof tops all over the city and were seen no more in the streets during the entire term of the fighting.

City Became Battleground.

Still, on Monday morning the government troops appeared to control all the principal squares of the city. Then came a period when it was impossible to distinguish one side from the other. There was no definite line between the factions. The turning point appeared to come about 3 o'clock in the afternoon. After two hours the opposing regiments passively confronted each other along the wide Litieny Prospect in almost complete silence.

From time to time emissaries from the revolutionary side rode to the opposing ranks and exhorted them to join the side of the people. For a while the result seemed to hang in the balance. The troops appeared irresolute, awaiting the commands of their officers, who themselves were in doubt as to what they should do.

Desultory firing continued along the side streets between groups of government troops and revolutionists, but the regiments upon whose decision the outcome rested still confronted each other with machine guns and rifles in readiness.

Artillery and Barracks Seized.

Suddenly, a few volleys were exchanged; there was another period of silent suspense, and the government regiments finally marched over to join the revolutionists. A few hours after the first clash, this entire section of Petrograd, in which are located the Duma building, artillery headquarters and the chief military barracks, passed into the hands of the revolutionary forces and the warfare swept like a tornado to other parts of the city, where the scene was duplicated.

At first it seemed a miracle that the revolutionists, without pre-arranged plan, without leadership or organization, could in such a short time with comparative ease achieve a complete victory over the government. But the explanation lay in the reluctance of the troops to take sides against the people and their prompt desertion to the ranks of those who opposed the government.

The scenes in the streets were by this time remarkable. The wide thoroughfares where the troops were stationed were completely deserted by cillvians except for a few daring individuals who, creeping along walls and ducking into court yards, sped from one side to the other. But the side streets were choked with people.

Students Join Rebels.

Groups of students fell into step with rough units of rebel soldiers and were joined by other heterogenous elements united by a cause greater than partisan differences. Unkempt workingmen, with ragged sheepskin coats, strode side by side with well groomed city clerks and shopkeepers.

This strange army of people, mustered on the street corners, shouldered their newly acquired rifles and marched out to join the ranks of the deserting regiments.

At nightfall only one small district containing the war office, the admiralty buildings, St. Isaac's cathedral and the military hotel, still rested the onslaught of the revolutionary force and the battle for the possession of Petrograd came to a dramatic conclusion. In the admiralty building the council of ministers secretly assembled for a conference and the regiments loyal to the old government were drawn up as a guard.

Government Defenders Besieged.

While the council sat in the last meeting that they were destined to hold, the building was surrounded and the besiegers poured rifle and machine gun fire upon the defenders. For a few hours the fiercest battle of the day continued; the streets were swept by a steady fussilade and the crowds scattered for the nearest shelter, some of the people being compelled to spend the night in court yards or corridors of office buildings or wherever they first found refuge.

Toward morning there was a sudden lull, broken by exultant shouts, which deepened into a roar and was succeeded by the Russian revolutionary Marsellaise. The regiments defending the admiralty had surrendered and gone over to the side of the revolutionists.

The ministers in the admiralty building were then arrested and the Russian national colors were replaced by the red flag of the revolutionists.

Although sporadic fighting continued between small groups until Wednesday, the "cause of the people" had triumphed.

GRAND DUKE AT ODDS WITH EMPEROR FOR MANY YEARS

Grand Duke Michael Alexandrovitch, the new regent of Russia, is the younger and only brother of Emperor Nicholas with whom he has been at odds for many years. He is the favorite son of the Dowager Empress Marie Feodorovona, sister of the Dowager Queen Alexendre of Great Britain. He also has been strongly opposed to the German influence in the Russian imperial family.

Banished from Russia by his brother early in 1913 because of his morganatic marriage the Grand Duke spent some time in exile in England. He returned to Russia late in August, 1914, and was reported to have taken a command in the army. Since then there have been no reports of his whereabouts and activities.

Born November 22, 1878, he is ten years younger than the emperor. His education was wholly military and he has held many honorary commands in the army.

STURMER AND POTOPOPOFF ARE BOTH REPORTED KILLED

Copenhagen, March 15.—The Ekstrabladet reports that the Russion consul in Haparanda, Sweden, says that both former Premier Sturmer and Minister of the Interior Protopopoff were killed in Petrograd.

London, March 15.—A Petrograd dispatch to the Daily Chronicle dated Wednesday, says the empress of Russia has been placed under guard.

"PUSH THE WAR PARTY" NOW IN CONTROL OF GOVERNMENT

London, March 15.—Andrew Bonar Law, chancellor of the exchequer, announced in the house of commons tonight that Emperor Nicholas had abdicated and that Grand Duke Michael Alexanderovitch had been appointed regent. The soldiers sided with the duma, but there was no serious loss of life.

The chancellor added that it was comforting to know that the movement was not directed at securing peace by Russia.

A telegram received by the naval attache of the Russian embassy in Paris reported that the railways and public services in Petrograd had resumed work, said Mr. Bonar-Law.

Long Bitter Struggle

The struggle between the duma and the reactionary party in Russia has been known to be proceeding with great bitterness for a long time and repeated changes in the ministerial ranks showed that matters were far from settled. Little was allowed to appear in the English papers, but from time to time news percolated from different quarters as to how liberal Russia was struggling against pro-German influence in the persons of Sturmer, Protopopoff and other high personages. The assassination of Rasputin was another proof as to what lengths the struggle was proceeding, but the disappearance of this notorious personage appeared still to leave the German reactionary influences exceedingly strong in the high places.

Duma Controls Government.

The revolution was as successful as it was sudden. It has given complete control of the government of Russia to the duma, backed by the army, and what is termed the "push the war party" is now in power.

The revolution, which evidently was carefully prepared, broke out simultaneously in Petrograd and Moscow. The garrisons which obeyed the instructions of the revolutionaries, immediately took possession of these cities after comparatively little fighting and equally small amount of destruction of property. In Petrograd one bridge was blown up and a number of houses belonging to suspected pro-German reactionaries were burned.

One of the first acts of the revolutionaries after obtaining control of the government was to order the arrest of Sturmer and Protopopoff. The revolutionaries are governing the country by means of their decrees. These mandates were enforced by the army, which throughout the trouble has been unitedly in support of the revolution.

Rounding Up Pro-Germans.

All pro-German reactionaries are being rounded up by the new government, which is assuming power under a mandate to push the war against the central powers.

Strict military rule prevails, and the army has the situation so well in hand that it is not expected adherents of the late government will be able to offer any serious resistance, even in remote provinces.

The government of Petrograd is now in the hands of a committee consisting of representatives of the duma, the Zemstvoes and municipalities, presided over by President Rodizianko of the duma. This body met yesterday, with five cabinet ministers attending, and sent to Emperor Nicholas a request for the establishment of a parliamentary government.

The military in Petrograd is taking orders from the committee and is patrolling the city, which is quiet. The fighting which occurred was in the barracks, and a number of officers were killed.

The chief of the council of the empire was imprisoned with M. Sturmer. The report that M. Protopopoff was imprisoned is incorrect. The people sacked his house and are seeking him. The committee is in control of all government buildings.

Details of Revolution.

The following details of the Russian revolution have been given to the Associated Press from a source usually well informed on Russian affairs:

"The soldiers refused to act against the crowd which started trouble when it heard of the ukase issued by Emperor Nicholas proroguing the duma. On Sunday the committee which had met to discuss the food situation was partly transformed into a provisional government under the presidency of President Rodziando of the duma and included representative of duma, council of the empire and the municipality. The garrison agreed to support the provisional government."

Correspondent Describes Scenes.

Reuter's Petrograd correspondent sends the following dispatch concerning the Russian revolution under date of March 14:

"Your correspondent has been in the streets both night and day for the last three days. He has seen long lines of hungry men, women and children, and has seen the wanton firing of rifles, machine guns and civil war in the main thoroughfares, but has not heard a single word against war.

"A shortage of food, the lack of organization and the neglect of the most elementary precautions are popularly ascribed to German influences. This is a word of provocation on every lip. With combined fervor warriors, religionaries—all Russians—resolved the extermination of these influences.

"The killing of Rasputin was the match that set fire to the vast heap of patriotic determination that Russia would deserve well of her allies if she would give herself the chance. The fire quickly spread, ran from class to class, from civilians to troops. It smouldred in Petrograd on Saturday, burst into flame on Sunday and to a conflagration yesterday. This morning your correspondent hears that its purpose has been achieved. All of the regiments in Petrograd have declared for the duma and the people and the naval barracks have opened to enable sailors to make common cause."

Washington, March 15.—The Senate talked for three hours today behind closed doors about the Colombian treaty without reaching a vote. Several senators are expected to speak tomorrow, and after they have concluded there may be an agreement for action Saturday.

BUSINESS LOCALS

"ARE BUSINESS GETTERS"



And a Western Union Messenger will call for your Advertisement Without Extra Cost to You. If You Want to Send a Telegram or Desire Messenger Delivery in the City, call the Western Union Direct.

The charge is only one cent per word, but no ad taken for less than 25c. Cash with order unless advertiser has a regular account.

Special 25 per cent, discount on Business Locals for seven consecutive issues or longer.

Advertisements running till ordered out must be discontinued in writing.

WANTED — A YOUNG MAN OF NEAT appearance to sell on trains; $10.00 cash bond required. Apply at Union News Co. mh16-1t

FOR RENT — LARGE, COMFORTABLE front room with board. Southern exposure. All conveniences. 503 Chestnut street. 'Phone 1543-W. mh16-1t*

LADIES' STRAW HATS CLEANED and shaped like new, 50c.; suits pressed, 25c.; felt hats cleaned, 50c. Best hat cleanser in city. American Practical Hatter, I. Horowitz, Proprietor. 'Phones 393-J. mh16-1t*

NEW WAY MARKET — SPECIAL sale from 11 o'clock to 2 o'clock: 200 boxes Florida Oranges, 2 dozen, 25 cents, no delivery and only four dozen to a person; 100 fancy dressed chickens; 1,000 dozen eggs, 25 cents; carrots, egg plant, peppers, onions, cabbage; those apples, the best ever; strawberries, come down look them over. 'Phones 816 and 817. mh16-1t

WELL BUILT, STRONG AND BEAUTIful is true about 308 North Fifteenth street, now offered for sale. This very complete home, with basement, heating plant, garage, screens, large attic and other comforts and conveniences, is offered for sale at moderate price and easy terms, as present owner is building a larger house at Winoca Terrace. We will be glad to show this property to you. Call on J. G. Wright and Son, 124 Princess street. mh16-1t

NEVER MIND WHAT YOU SHOULD have had for supper. Let's stop in at May's Delicatessen Store and will be sure to get something for our supper. They always have such a lice line of meats and cheese and I think it will cost much less than preparing it at home. Prices most reasonable in city. May's Delicatessen. 'Phone 1322. mh16-1t

WANTED — YOUNG COUPLE DESIRE neatly furnished room on Market st., east of Fifth, at once. (No children). Address "Couple," care Star. mh16-1t*

UNREDEEMED — ONE C. G. CONN Cornet, in first class condition; price $16.50. Chas. Finkelstein, 6 So. Front st.; 'Phone 642. mh16-tf

THE LIFE IN A MODERN AND COMfortable apartment house, such as the Carolina, at Fifth and Market streets, is the life of the least care and worry, and the least cost. No water to heat, no fires to build, no yards to clean, no water or sewerage bills. All this done for you and much more. There are two apartments not rented. Come and see them. J. G. Wright & Son, Real Estate and Insurance Agents. mh16-1t

WHY NOT STOP PAYING YOUR MOney for rent? Why not let us build you an attractive home? We are able and willing to do this, and we invite you to talk to us about it. Think of a home, finely located, large lot, all for about $3,000.00. Let us talk this over with you; 124 Princess st. J. G. Wright & Son, Real Estate and Fire Insurance. mh16-1t

WOOD — A NICE LOAD OF GOOD, dry, split pine, $1.35 per load, delivered. Columbus Wood Yard. 'Phone 815-W. mh16-2t*

WANTED — MEN FOR WORK IN planing Mill and lumber yards, and shipping department. Write or apply to Waccamaw Lumber Co., Bolton, N. C. mh16-5t

YOUR SPRING PLANTING SHOULD BE done now. The Audubon Nursery has a large stock of fine plants suitable for this locality. A 'phone call or a postal will bring their representative to see you. 'Phones 258-1 and 28. P. O. address Box 631. mh16-2t

WANTED — PINE TAR, HIGHER. — Will pay thirteen cents per gallon. Shipping tags sent on request. Prompt returns. Consign shipments to Frank A. Thompson, Wilmington, N. C. mh16-tf

EXPERIENCED PHYSICIAN WANTS location in village or country territory, with good roads, school, church and railroad facilities. Address "Zeno," care Star. mh16-f,su,tu-3t*

GOOD OLD SUMMER TIME IS NEARLY here. We have that which takes away the troubles of summer. It is a delightful cottage, nicely furnished, splendid location, on Wrightsville Beach, and price is only two thousand dollars for lot and all. Payable part now, rest later. Let us tell you more about this property, which is attractive both as a home and an investment. J. G. Wright & Son, Real Estate and Insurance. mh16-1t

CHOICE GREEN CARNATIONS — FOR St. Patrick's Day, and other cut flowers. Blooming plants. Order early. 'Phone 1367-W. Mrs. Louisa P. Fowler, "Fifth Avenue Florist," 119 South Fifth ave. mh16-1t*

WANTED — POSITION BY YOUNG lady who must support herself and needs employment of some kind at once to insure a livelihood. A willing worker, competent, of good character, two years' experience as stenographer, but will undertake any kind of honorable work, if immediate employment can be offered. Will some business man give me a chance to make an honest living? Answer "Good Girl," care Star. mh15-3t

EGGS AND CHICKENS WANTED — Will give you top of the market. Prompt returns. J. W. Wiley, Box 542, Greensboro, N. C. mh15-7t*

DESIRABLE BEACH COTTAGE FOR sale. Located nearest station 1. Lot 45 by 100. See J. Irving Bear, care Bear Produce & Mdse. Co. mh 7-tf

APPLES! APPLES! APPLES! JUST REceived carload apples and turnips. Send us your orders. Bear Produce & Mdse. Co., Wilmington, N. C. mh 8-tf

1912 STUDEBAKER "20" FIVE PASsenger touring car for sale at a bargain, $175. See our used car bargains. W. D. MacMillan, Jr., 108-112 North 2nd street. mh15-7t

EGGS! EGGS! EGGS! — FRESH COUNtry eggs, special today, 4 dozen $1.00. North Carolina Hams and Shoulders. 'Phone 1002. Tripp Grocery Company, No. 8 Market street. mh15-3t

HOT ROLLS TWICE DAILY, FOR ONE o'clock lunch and supper, 10 cents dozen. 'Phone 626. Order early. Prompt delivery. Farriss' Bakery, 121 South Front street. mh15-17t

LET US DELIVER YOUR MAGAZINE on date of issue. Place your order now. 'Phone 745. Gordon Brothers, 17 Princess street. fe24-tf

OLD NEWSPAPERS—SUITABLE FOR wrapping or placing under carpets; limited number for sale at 20 cents per hundred while they last, at The Star office. mh 8-tf

FORD FOR SALE—5 PASSENGER 1916 model, 60 inch tread. $225.00 for quick sale. New seat covers, tires good. In storage No. 1219 Market. Address Box 212, City. mh 11-7t

FOR SALE—NICE ASSORTMENT OF mules and horses. Will sell for cash or credit. You will always find my terms reasonable. Come to see me. L. E. Squires Sale Stables, Council, N. C. fe 18-tf

AUTO OWNERS—WHEN COLD WEAther gets your radiator, don't forget that Klander, 8 South Second street, is the man who can give you the best job and the most satisfaction. Out-of-town shipments given prompt attention and fairest treatment. fe 4-tf

FRESH SHAD ROE EVERY DAY— Dressed chickens, dressed to your order. Extra nice beef, veal and pork. Fancy oranges; all kind of vegetables. Fresh New River oysters. Phone 72, Batson's Meat Market. mh 14-1t

AJAX TIRES, WHILE THEY LAST, AT the old prices: 30x3", plain clincher, $10.65; 30x3½", plain clincher, $13.70; 30x3½", N. S. Clincher, $16.50. Write or phone today. W. D. MacMillan, Jr. mh 14-10t

WANTED—YOU TO STOP EVERY pain in Wilmington. Rubright Liniment does it for ten cents. Ask your druggist, ask your family grocer. J. H. Hardin, wholesale distributor. mh 14-14t

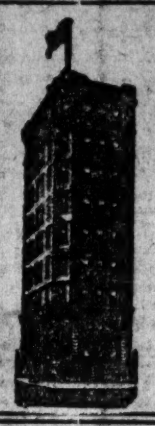
BUICK CARS—THE LITTLE FOUR IN stock. Also one slightly used. Six new tires, 60-inch tread. W. D. MacMillan, Jr. mh 14-3t

FOR SALE—ONE JERSEY BEACH sea skiff, about 20 feet keel. Built of juniper, copper fastened. 5 horse Bridgeport engine. Everything in perfect condition. If interested, apply to J. B. Ruark & Co. Southport, N. C. mh 14-3t

AUTOMOBILE FOR SALE— THE large size Velie touring car, with 6 cylinder Continental engine; car new 1915; run less than 11,000 miles; in first class condition. $600.00 cash. Call, write, or phone Major A. E. Waldron, U. S. Engineer Office, Telephone 146. mh 14-7t*

CABBAGE, CABBAGE, CABBAGE— Just received 100 hampers from Florida. Send us your orders. Bear Produce & Merchandise Co., (Wholesale) Wilmington, N. C. mh 11-tf

Everything for the Motorist
When you Motor, Motor right
Either an OVERLAND or a WILLYS-KNIGHT
H. L. FENNELL
Phone 95 105, 109 North 2nd St.
P. S.—A few Used Car BARGAINS.



Condensed Report of Condition

AMERICAN BANK & TRUST CO.

Wilmington, N. C.

At Close of Business, March 5th, 1917.

RESOURCES:		LIABILITIES:	
Loans and Discounts	$ 2,613,248.54	Capital Stock	$ 200,000.00
Overdrafts	8,413.94	Undivided Profits	33,117.13
Real Estate	30,945.13	Dividends Unpaid	249.00
Furniture and Fixtures	10,034.54	Customers' Acceptances	57,900.00
Bonds and Securities	165,441.48	Bills Payable	140,000.00
Customers' Acceptances	82,750.00	Deposits, Banks $576,470.82	
Cash and Due from Banks	444,634.21	Individuals, 1,454,- 730.89	2,325,201.71
Total	$ 2,755,467.89	Total	$ 2,755,467.89

OFFICERS:

THOS. E. COOPER ..... President
MILTON CALDER, ... Vice President
CHAS. T. BETHEA ..... Cashier
E. FRED BANCK ..... Assistant Cashier
ROBT L. HENLEY ..... Assistant Cashier

FOR SALE—USED CARS—1 CHALmers Four, demi-touring car, $350.00; 1 Studebaker "20" touring, $200.00; 1 Mitchell "30" touring, no top, $100. W. D. MacMillan, Jr. mh 14-3t

FRONT SPRINGS FOR FORD CARS, $2.25, while they last. Veedol Motor Oil, 5 gallons, $2.50. W. D. MacMillan, Jr., 108-112 North Second street. mh 9-14t

FOR FURNITURE — WHEN YOU BUY it is values you are looking for. We've got 'em. Some slightly used, just as good as new, at half price. We can't be undersold; don't forget that. Sterling Furniture Co., 19-23 South Front. 'Phone 60. E. H. Sneed, Mgr. fe22-tf

TURNIPS, TURNIPS — ASK YOUR dealer for Canadian turnips, the cheapest and best food on the market. Just received, carload rutabagas. Orders from dealers promptly executed. Bear Produce and Merchandise Co., Wilmington, N. C. 'Phones 452-453. fe23-tf

WANTED—OLD FALSE TEETH, DON'T matter if broken. I pay $1.00 to $5.00 per set. Mail to L. Mazer, 2007 So. Fifth street, Philadelphia, Pa. Will send cash by return mail. mh 10-14t*

REGISTERED PUPPIES, WITH PApers. Collies, Shepherds, Bulls, Pointers, Setters and Hounds. Certificate with every pup. All alike. $10.00 pair or $5.00 each. Money refunded if not pleased. Guilford Kennels, Colfax, N. C. mh 11-8t*

SOLE DISTRIBUTORS
HEADLEY'S CHOCOLATES

Ask your dealer for a Box of Headley's the Most Delicious Candy on the market. We have received the exclusive agency for Headley's, and orders from the retail trade will receive prompt attention.

BEAR CANDY COMP'Y
'Phones 452-453. Wilmington, N. C.

FOR SALE!

NATURESOWN PHOSPHATE

We now have with us a special representative, Mr. W. H. Charles, who will thoroughly explain Naturesown. We will be glad to have you call at our office for particulars.

We also have to offer 200 bushels of selected Simpkins Cotton Seed.

D. L. Gore Co.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

SHELL



Spectacles or Eye Glasses

We have Shell Rim and bows of beauty and elegance, made to meet the mode. Come in and see them. WE will save you money.

Spectacles or eye glasses correctly fitted to your eyes for $1.00 up.

EYES TESTED FREE

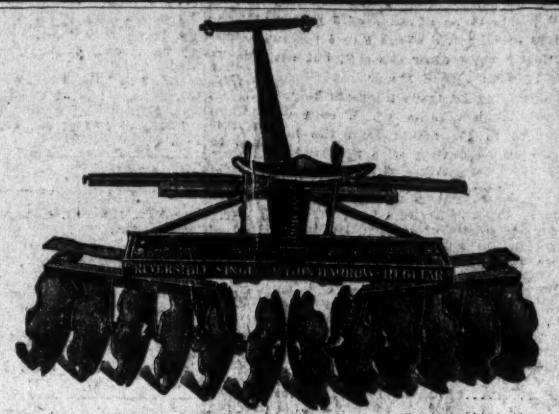
DR. VINEBERG
MASONIC TEMPLE.

COTTON

W. B. COOPER & CO.

Cotton Exporters

Wilmington, N. C.



CLARKE'S CUTAWAY HARROWS; GENUINE OLIVER PLOWS; BLACK HAWK CORN AND COTTON PLANTERS

We have a car load of the above on the way which will arrive in a few days.

Wm. E. Springer & Company
WILMINGTON, N. C.

CITIZENS BANK

Safe business methods have their origin in a bank account. Of all the successful business men you ever knew, nearly all placed their money in the bank each day, and paid their accounts by checks.

In this way the bank does your bookkeeping and every check is a receipt.

We invite you to open an account with us.

CITIZENS BANK
of Wilmington

We Want to Help You

SAVE

HOME SAVINGS BANK
Wilmington, N. C.

QUICK!

We offer low for quick buyers.

One Steam Feed Saw Mill.	One Log Turner.
One 125 H. P. Boiler.	One Log Haul.
One 80 H. P. Engine.	5,000 Pounds Round Iron.
One Trimmer.	5,000 Pounds Sheet Iron.
One Edger.	5,000 Pounds Bar Iron.

See us; we can save you money in the Machinery, Iron and Metal Lines.

WILMINGTON IRON WORKS
"THE IRON MEN."
Foot Orange Street.

PRINTING

UNRIVALED FACILITIES ENABLE US TO GUARANTEE OUR QUALITY AND IT ACCOUNTS TO NO SMALL DEGREE FOR THIS REMARKABLE SUCCESS IN PLEASING EVERYONE.

The kind you ought to use and when you ought to have it, that is when you really need it. We have contracted the habit of satisfying all our customers. Our work as a business getter is of the highest quality.

PITTMAN - McCOLL COMPANY
Printers, Engravers, Stamp Makers
16 Princess Street Wilmington, N. C.

TURN HAIR DARK WITH SAGE TEA

Grandma Kept Her Locks Dark, Glossy and Youthful with a Simple Mixture of Sage Tea and Sulphur.

The old time mixture of Sage Tea and Sulphur for darkening gray, streaked and faded hair is grandmother's recipe, and folks are again using it to keep their hair a good, even color, which is quite sensible, as we are living in an age when a youthful appearance is of the greatest advantage.

Nowadays, though, we don't have the troublesome task of gathering the sage and the mussy mixing at home. All drug stores sell the ready-to-use product, improved by the addition of other ingredients, called "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound" for about 50 cents a bottle. It is very popular because nobody can discover it has been applied. Simply moisten your comb or a soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning the gray hair disappears, but what delights the ladies with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound is that, besides beautifully darkening the hair after a few applications, it also produces that soft lustre and appearance of abundance which is so attractive. This ready-to-use preparation is a delightful toilet requisite for those who desire a more youthful appearance. It is not intended for the cure, mitigation or prevention of disease.